Palestinians detain Israeli driver

TEL AVIV (R) - Palestinian forces are holding an Israeli who was captured when he drove two foreign journalists into west Beirut Saturday, Israel Television reported. The television report said the driver entered west Beirut with the journalists by mistake. After being questioned by commandos the journalists were released but Palestinians were still holding the Israeli driver, the report added. The television report did not identify the joumalists. It was not immediately clear what steps Israel was taking to get back the Israeli driver.

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'No-one has won in Lebanon war'

NEW YORK (R) - The head of the American-Arab Relations Committee, Dr. M.T. Mehdi, said there were no winners in Israel's invasion of Lebanon and called for renewed efforts to find a permanent solution to the Palestinian problem. "Contrary to Palestinian claims, we believe the PLO lost militarily in Beirut. In a war everyone is a loser and the Israelis lost also polnically," Dr. Mehdi said in a statement issued here. "This is a shameful day as the exiled Palestinians are being dispersed to new exiles. Their departure to new lands will not solve the problem: It will only aggravate the situation." he said. "We have to think afresh in terms of permanent solutions rather than haphazard temporary arrangements. The solution has to take the Palestinians to Palestine and nowhere else."

Sudan to receive 1.000 Palestinians

CAIRO (R) - Sudan will receive 1.000 Palestinian fighters and their families being evacuated from Lebanon, the Egyptian Middle East News Agency (MENA) reported Saturday. Reporting from Khartoum, MENA said President Jaafar Numeiri had received a Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) delegation and told them of his government's full support for "the Palestinian revolution." The Egyptian agency said Sudan decided to receive 1,000 fighters instead of a previously specified 600. Palestinian families would follow at a later stage. The fighters will be housed in camps at Shendi. 300 kilometres north of the capital, MENA added.

Space conference condemns aggression on Lebanon

VIENNA (R) - A United Notions conference on outer space Saturday passed an Arab amendment to its final report. denouncing the use of surveillance satelliles against the Lebanese and Palestinian people. The amendment, which did not name Isracl, said "many delegates denounce the wrongful use of space techniques, such as surveillance satellites, in cases of military conflict and condemn the aggression committed against Lebanon." It was proposed by Algeria and supported by Lebanon, Syria, Libya, Tunisia, Sudan, Egypt, Iraq and Saudi Arabia. The amendment also denounced "the barbarous massacres committed against the Palestinian and Lebanese civilian repulations." The second U.N. conference on the exploration and peaceful use of outer space (Unispace-82) was due to end Saturday.

Gulf Arabs to aid MEA, Beirut airport

RIYADH (R) - Gulf Arab countries were reported Saturday to have offered financial aid to help Lebanon repair war damages inflicted on Beirut International Airport and the fleet of the Lebanese Middle East Airlines (MEA). The Saudi afternoon newspaper Al Jazeerah quoted an official source as saying a number of Arab countries were participating in the aid package. The source declined however to idennify the countries involved or give an estimate of the cost. Several of MEA's passenger planes were destroyed or hadly damaged during fighting in and around Beirut airport between Israeli forces and Palestinian commandos. Al Jazeerah's report said work on repairing the airport was expected to begin Sunday and that normal air traffic would be resumed in less. than Iwo weeks' time.

Rebels destroy bridge in Kurdistan

LONDON (R) - Guerrillas of the Iranian left-wing Mujshedeen-e-Khalq organisation said Saturday they had destroyed a heavily-guarded bridge near the Iran-Iraq border in northern Kurdistan. The Paris bureau of the Mujahedeen told Reuters by telephone that the attack on the bridge took place last

OAIDA 3, 1402

Palestinian commandos leave Beirut amid tears, flowers and vows never to surrender



A Palestinian commando, about to board a ship from Beirut to Cyprus as part of Palestinian wit-

hdrawal from the Lebanese capital, Saturday bids farewell to his young daughter (A.P. wirephoto)

warns

ital. Damascus.

days of the war.

Lebanon." he said.

Bekaa Vallev.

Damascus

BEIRUT (A.P.1 - After wat-

ching the first batch of Palestinian

commandos withdraw from Beirut

Saturday, Israeli Defence Min-ister Ariel Sharon subtly warned

Syria that Israeli guns are within

range of shelling the Syrian cap-

week that the defence minister has

hinted that the Israelis may turn

their Lebanese invasion into an

assault on the Syrians, who have

some 30.000 troops in Lebanon

under an Arab League mandate.

"Syrians have a pro-

blem...Damascus, all of Dam-

ascus, is in range of our artillery."

Mr. Sharon said, referring to Isr-

ael's positions in the eastern

Bekaa Valley of Lebanon, where

it battled the Syrians in the early

In occupied Jerusalem. Foreign

Minister Yitzhak Shamir sounded

a similar line, saying Israel's pro-

ometres from its capital, Dam-

ascus, it should withdraw from

Mr. Sharon warned the Syrians

earlier this week that Israel would

hit back if Palestinian commandos

continued to raid Israeli positions

from behind Syrian lines in the

Aug. 21 marks 13th year | Sharon since arson at Al Aqsa

AMMAN 'Petra) - Saturday, Aug. 21 marked the 13th sad remembrance of the burning of Al Agsa Mosque in Jerusalem perpetrated by a Zionist Fanatic. On this day Muslims remember the Zionist crime of placing a bag laden with explosives inside the holy shrine which went off causing a fire that severely damaged the mosque and part of

The Israeli authorities, blaming the ugly crime on Australian Zionist Michael Rohan whom they described as "mentally unstable", at the time tried to block the fire extinguishers from putting out the fire but the local residents brought in water from their homes and were finally able to extinguish the fire.

The Zionist crime was considered another link in a long series of practices to demolish holy places and part of their attempts to Judaise Palestinian territory and obliterate its Arab and Muslim cultural

Iraq threatens to destroy Kharg Island oil terminal

BEIRUT (R) - Iraq said Saturday it would destroy the Iranian oil terminal on Kharg Island in the Gulf if Iran continued to shell Iraqi towns and refused to make

The Iraqi News Agency (INA) said the destruction of Iran's main outlet for oil exports was the second stage of an Iraqi warning to

The first stage of the threatened action was to cordon off the Island and bomb any foreign ship that tried to dock there.

INA said the Iraqi air force bombed the island last Sunday and its planes had photographed the

Kharg Island lies within a military exclusion zone declared by lraq carlier this week. Baghdad says any foreign ship

that enters the area does so at its Oil storage tanks at Kharg Islraid on Wednesday, according to a ship's captain who saw the raid. Capt. Olof Naess of the 109.981-ton Bergen-registered tanker Hadrian told Reuters by radio link with Bahrain Saturday that he saw flames leap into the night sky and that smoke hung over oil tanks after the evening

Officials on shore said a numberof tanks were hit, he added.

An Iraqi military spokesman said on Wednesday that Iraqi forces shelled the terminal but the Iranian Oil Ministry in Tehran denied that Kharg had been attacked.

Capt. Naess, speaking from his ship steaming south 40 miles off the Saudi Arabian port of Ras Tanurah, said his vessel was loading at Sea Island terminal, about two miles from Kharg, at the time. Loading at Sea Island stopped

during the raid but resumed later. and were on fire after an traqi air

BEIRUT (Agencies) — Beirut resounded to the roar of thousands of guns Saturday as the besieged west side of the city bade farewell to Palestinian fighters with tears, flowers and cries of anti-Israeli defiance.

rifles into the air reached a crescendo as the first commandos sailed to Cyprus on the initial stage of their evacuation to Jordan and

Over the next two weeks an estimated 15,000 Palestinian commandos and Syrian troops are due to be dispersed among eight Arab countries under the supervision of a neutral force drawn from four nations.

The complex operation, neg-otiated by U.S. envoy Philip Habib following a 10-week siege of Beirut by Israeli invasion forces, got under way at dawn with the arrival of 350 paratroops of the French Foreign Legion.

The legionnaires, vanguard of the multi-national force, immediately deployed among the bullet-scarred warehouses and rusting containers of the port, at the northern end of the Green Line dividing the capital.

As the French secured the area. Israeli troops withdrew and units of the Lebanese army moved in. A few kilometres away, about 400 Palestinian commandos boarded trucks to begin the wit-

The traditional tribute of firing hdrawal that marks the end of an era for the Palestine Liberation

Organisation (PLO). Ironically, their journey began at a sports stadium where many military rallies have been staged since the Palestinians turned Lebanon into the bastion of their struggle against Israel 13 years ago.

All around, the burned-out shells of tall buildings testified to the ferocity of the Israeli bombardments that have assailed the PLO and its Syrian allies in the

As the trucks moved into the rubble-strewn streets, the pac-ked crowds chanted: "We will never surrender" and "The gun will be held high." Banners proclaimed that "All roads lead to Jerusalem.

The departing fighters raised their arms in victory salutes as they were showered with rice and flowers. In the midst of the chaotic scene, a commando in combat gear stepped down to embrace a little girl wearing a T-shirt with the legend: "I survived operation peace for Galilee"--the Israeli code-name for the June 6 invasion

nearby buildings watched as the Palestinians walked up the ramp of the Cyprus-registered ferry Sol Georgios still carrying their per-

At the port, Israeli soldiers in

A PLO officer said the biggest group leaving Saturday comprised regular soldiers of the Palestine Liberation Army (PLA) Badr Brigade based in Jordan, who had been drafted into Lebanon at the start of the invasion. They were returning to Amman.

pro-Iragi Arab Liberation Front (ALF), many of whom have been here since 1969. They were going to Baghdad, he said.

There was a constant rattle of celebratory gunfire in the distance and several bullets came too close for the comfort of some journalists, but the ship left without

The Palestinians' Lebanese leftist allies, militiamen of the Nasserite Murabitoun, lined the sand dunes firing wildly into the air as the trucks moved towards the

The Shi ite Muslim paramilnary organisation Amal also sent con-

tingents to say farewell. 'Revolution will never end'

Salah Khalaf, a member of the PLO's policy-making central committee, said Friday night that the organisation would set up its headquarters in Damascus.

In a speech reported by the Palestine news agency WAFA, he

Cyprus ready for PLO transit

Your brethren departing from here will fight from every position in which they find themselves...be assured that they are only moving from one fighting position to another, for this revolution will never

During coming weeks the leg-ionnaires are to be reinforced by more French troops as well as 800 American Marines and 350 Italians. The Americans are to take over the port and the French will, The others were members of the redeploy along the Green Line. with the Italians at the intemational airport in the southern suburbs.

> At the same time, Lebanese soldiers will move into west Beirut to supervise completion of the Palestinian and Syrian withdrawal.

As the evacuation got off to a smooth start, Lebanese politicians continued negotiations in an effort to avert a crisis over the election of a new president.

The 92-member parliament was to have met last week to choose a successor to President Elias Sarkis, whose six-year term of office

expires on Sept. 23. But the session was postponed until Monday after Muslim and leftist leaders voiced strong opposition to the only candidate to declare himself so far-Bashir

Gemayel, commander of Leb-

anon's powerful rightist militia.

French troops in position; PLO pullout schedule, page 8

al. Damascus. This was the second time in a Palestinian units expected to arrive in Jordan today AMMAN (R) - The first batch of said only members of the Jordan-

Palestinian commandos to arrive in Jordan will be flown from Cyprus lo a military base in Jordan on Sunday, Jordaniao officials said Saturday.

They did nut name the base, but suggested it could be in Mafraq, 70 kilometres north of Amman. The officials gave no reason for

the change in plans. Previous reports said Jordan would prefer the commandos to come by land.

They did not say how many Palximity to Damascus should be an estinian fighters would be arrincentive to the Syrians to leave iving, but Palestine Liberation Lebanon as demanded by Israel. Organisation (PLO) officials here "If the Syrians want Israel to withdraw from positions 25 kil-

based Palestine Liberation Army (PLA) would come to Jordan.

In the early days of the Israeli invasion of Lebanon, a regiment of the PLA-believed to number between 600 and 1,000 men-moved to Lebanon to take part in the fig-

Several thousand Palestinian and Jordanian volunteers also left for Lebanon, according to the officials, who said they had no information yet on whether the valunteers would be among the returning fighters.

acuate Beirut, wil Sunday morning and be flown direct to their destinations, the Cyprus Foreign Ministry said Sat-

Officials would give no details of the arrangements being made or the final destinations of the Palestinians.

But a spokesman for the shipping agency from whom the U.S. embassy chartered the ship Sol Gorgios for the evacuation said wounded Palestinians would be

among the first batch to arrive and would be treated in local hospitals. Those fit enough would be flown direct to Iraq and Jordan.

NICOSIA (Agencies) - About The agency was sending two 400 Palestinians, the first group to more vessels to Lebanon in the would pick up 1,000 Palestinians Sunday and take them directly to

Tunisia. Reporters were to be allowed to take pictures, but not to talk to the commandos. Larnaca port off-

ictals said. The subdued early morning reception underscored the del-

icacy of the Iransfer operation. We are in a very difficult position here," said one official. Cyprus, the self-styled gateway

to the Middle East, has for years been plagued by violence overflowing from elsewhere in the region.

'No PLO military activity in Tunis'

TUNIS (R) - Tunisia will be a centre for political activity but not a springboard for military ope-

At a news conference Saturday n Beirut, Mr. Sharon stressed that his country wanted the Syrians to the PLO leadership including leave Lebanon along with the Isr-Yasser Arafat, he said in an intaelis in a negotiated withdrawal. erview with the Tunisian newspaper As Sabah. Mr. M zali said: Of a war against Syria. Mr. Sharon said. "We don't want it." "Tunisia will be a centre to con-

cert political activity and for talks but will not be a springboard for military operations." He said he Tunisia would not interfere in their affairs or try to influence

welcome the Palestinians and "all restful stay.

was convinced that the Palestinians would not interfere in Tunisia's internal affairs, just as

rations by the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) after it leaves Beirut, Tunisian Prime Minister Mohammad M zali said Saturday. Tunisia was prepared to receive up to 800 Palestinian fighters and

their decisions. Tunisia was already prepared to

material and security measures have been taken to guarantee a Paris blast kills 1, maims another

in Ethiopia'

NIAMEY. Niger (R) --- An Eritrean guerrilla leader accused the Soviet Union Saturday of building a missile base and stockpiling weapons in Ethiopia with the aim of further intervention in the reg-

The medium range missile base was built earlier this year on Musa Ali mountain. 35 kilometres inland between Djibouti and the Ethiopian Red Sea port of Assab. Taha Nur told Reuters.

"We know they (the Soviets) have built a missile base there." said Mr. Nur. a leader of the Eritrean National Liberation Front-Popular Liberation Forces (NLF-PLF).

He said the Soviets had brought huge quantities of arms and ammunition to the Ethiopian Red Sea port of Massawa and nearby Dahlak Island in recent months. "The stockpile is enough to

meet the needs of Ethiopia and South Yemen for the next 10 years," Mr. Nur said. "It means the Soviets are pre-

paring for intervention in the Arabian Peninsula through South Yemen, and in Somalia or the Sudan through Ethiopia." he added.

He said that South Yemenis, Cubans and East Germans were also assisting Ethiopia to crush the NLF-PLF and two other groups fighting for independence for the former Italian colony of Eritrea on the Red Sea. The independence campaign has lasted more than 20

Vatican names new nuncio for Lebanon

VATICAN CITY (R) - Pope John Paul II has appointed Italian Archbishoo Luciano Angeloni the new apostolic nuncio (ambassador in Lebanon, the Vatican announced Saturday. Monsignor Angeloni, 65, who has been apostolic pro-nuncio in

South Korea for four years, rep-

laces Archbishop Carlo Furno

who becomes nuncio in Brazil. The Pope, who has expressed grave concern about the plight of Lebanon, conferred with Mother Theresa of Calcutta at his summer residence in Castel Gandolfo last Thursday, after she completed a personal mission to Beirut on his

But Varican sources discounted any significance in the appointments, noting that the move to Brazil for 61-year-old Monsignor Furno was an apparent promotion since that country has the largest number of Catholics in the world.

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Victoria returns to normal

NAIROBI (R) - Life has returned to normal on the Seychelles Islands where units of the army mutinied for 36 hours earlier this week, journalists of the Seychelles News Agency said Saturday.

The journalists were speaking in Victoria, the islands' capital, by telephone to Reuters in Nairobi. They said a curfew imposed after the mutiny had been lifted and international flights into

Mahe, the main island of the Indian Ocean archipelago, had res-

According to the newsmen. only one or two of the mutineers

were still at large. The official deathtoll during the mutiny, which began when rebels took over the radio station and held hostages, is seven killed, inc-Inding two civilians.

Kenya disbands air force

NAIROBI (R) - President Daniel arap Moi Saturday formally disbanded the Kenyan air force. most of whose personnel have been in custody since they launched an abortive coup against Kenya's pro-western government on Aug. 1.

An announcement from the president's office said the air force was being disbanded because of its rebellion and that a new Kenyan air force would be formed under the command of Maj-Gen. M. Mohammad.

Gen. Mohammad, believed to

be from Kenva's ethnic Somali minority, played a key role at the head of loyalist troops who crushed the Aug. I rebellion.

Informed sources said he personally led the forces which recaptured the Voice of Kenya radio station, from where the rebels broadcast statements announcing President Moi's downfall.

Up to 2,000 air force men were being held pending courts martial. the sources said. The force is believed to have had about 2,500 men before the rebellion.

PARIS (R) — A powerful bomb exploded in a central Paris street Saturday, killing a bomb disposal expert and seriously injuring another in the latest of a series of blasts in the French capital.

Police said it was not yet certain who was the target of Saturday's device, which went off between two cars in the Avenue de la Bourdonnais in the residential Seventh District.

A telephone caller, claiming to be the leader of Action Directe, a left-wing extremist group outlawed three days ago, said the bomb was the work of his organisation. But police said they were unsure the call was authentic.

The group was banned the day atter President François Mitterrand personally pledged to eradicate terrorism in France. Saturday's bomb went off close to the homes of American fam-

ilies, including that of a U.S. diplomat, but police stressed it was not known who was the intended One bomb disposal expert was killed outright as he walked tow-

ards the device to try to defuse it

and the second was severely maimed and lighting for his life, police

Police had cordoned off the street around midday after passersby alerted them to a suspicious parcel between two ears. The disposal experts arrived soon afterwards. The bomh damaged the dis-

posal unit's van and other cars, as well as shattering nearby win-A police spokesman said it left a crater some 10 centimetres deep in the road.

After the blast, a call was made to a French press organisation claiming responsibility for the attack in the name of Jean Marc Rouillan, the leader of Action Directe. "This is Jean Marc Rouillan,"

the caller said. "We claim res-

ponsibility for the attack." But

another caller later telephoned the same organisation disclaiming responsibility for Action Directe. Action Directe claimed responsibility two days ago for a bomb attack which badly damaged the offices of a right-wing Paris magazine, It was the 15th

terrorist incident in Paris within a

Mr. Rouillan has denied that

Action Directe was responsible for a gun and grenade attack on a Jewish restaurant last week in which six people were killed.

'Lebanese' group's claim

A spokesman claiming to belong to a group called the Lebancse Armed Revolutionary Factions later telephoned a news organisation in Paris to say that his group was behind Saturday's att-

Speaking in a strong foreign

accent, he said: "We are res-

ponsible for the anti-imperialist

attack in Avenue de la Bourdonnais, which took place at midday today." The same group claimed responsibility for the killing last January of the U.S. military attache.

Lt.-Col. Charles Ray, who was shot dead outside his Paris home. Another Lebanese group has aid it was responsible for a failed attempt last November to kill acting U.S. Ambassador Christian Chapman.

Soviets have missile base

ATURES

Product of history's biggest stream of immigration

By Thomas Sowell

THE PEOPLING of America is one of the great dramas in human history. Over the years, a massive stream of humanity --- 45 millioo people --- crossed every ocean and continent to reach the United States. They came speaking every language and representing every oationality, race and religioo. Today there are more people of Irish ancestry in the United States than in Ireland, more Jews than in Israel, more blacks than in most African countries. There are more people of Polisb ancestry in Detroit than in most of the leading cities in Poland, and more than twice as many people of Italian ancestry in New York as in Veo-

ice.
The sheer magnitude of American ethnic communities makes them autonomous cultures with lives of their own --- oeither copies fo some "mainstream" model nor mere overseas branches of some other country's culture.

These communities that make up the mosaic of American society cannot be adequately described as "minorities." There is no "majority." The largest single ideotifiable ethnic strain is people of British ancestry --- who make up just 15 per cent of the American populatioo. They barely outnumber German-Americans (13 per ceot) or blacks (11 per ceot). Millions of Americans cannot identify themselves at all ethnically, due to intermixtures over the gen-

The setting in which the history of all these peoples unfolded is no less impressive than the numbers and varieties of the peoples themselves. The United States is one of the largest cultural-linguistic units in the history of the world, From San Francisco to Boston is the same distance as from Madrid to Moscow. Yet here there is one language, one set of laws and one economy in an area that, in Europe and elsewhere, is fragmented into a multitude of nations, languages and competing military and political blocs. The size and cohesion of the American society are all the more remarkable because of the diverse origins of the people.

Diversity

The mixture of unity and diversity runs through American history as through American society today. No ethnic group has been wholly unique, and yet no two are completely alike. Each group has its own geographic distribution pattern, reflecting conditions wheo they arrived on American soil and the evolution of the industries and regions to which they became attached. Even the ages of American ethnic groups vary

Mexican-Americans and Puerto Ricans bave median ages of less than 20 years, while the average Irish-Americao or Italian-American is more than 30 years old, and Jewish-Americans are over 40. These age differences

reflect not only current fertility patterns --- some groups are composed disproportionately of children -- but also historic changes in fertility patterns that have caused the successive generations to be of drastically altered size in some groups.

Iocomes, occupatioos and unemployment rates differ substantially among American ethnic groups, as do rates of crime, fertility and business ownership. The explanation of those differences is complex and in many ways surprising. None of the easy explahas obviously played a major role in determining the fate of many group like the West Indians earns Ricans, and the Japanese earn more than whites in general. The initial wealth of a group and its time of arrival are obviously important, as many wealthy "old families" show, but the Jews arrived late and penniless in the 19th century and are now more affluent than any other ethnic

The incomes, occupations and unemployment rates of American ethnic groups are too different from one another to be described by any generalization. Moreover, it is as misleading in the economic area as in other areas to think of them as "minorities" who fall below some "majority," or national average, in socioeconomic terms. A oumber of ethnic groups exceed the national average in socioecocomic status.

Family Income Index (U.S. average 100)

Jewish	172
Japanese	132
Polish	115
Chinese	
Italian	112
German	
Anglo/Saxon	
Irish	103
TOTAL U.S	
Filipino	99
West Indian	
Mexican	76
Puerto Rican	
Black	
Indian	

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census and National Jewish Population Survey

Many factors are responsible for these economic differences among the various groups. Age is a major factor that is often overlooked. Ethnic groups that differ in average age --- by 10 or 20 years in some cases --- have vastly different percentages of their population in the older age brackets, where people in professional and other high-income occupations are concentrated. For example, about 20 per cent of American Indians are age 45 or older, while twice that percentage of Polish-Americans are that old.

Higher income occupations typically require either long periods of education or long years of experience, or both, so it is not surprising that older ethnic groups earn more than younger ethnic groups. What is misleading is when these gross differences are regarded as showing either the exteot of employer discrimination or of ethnic "ability." Comparisons of the earnings of 30year-old males show a narrower spread among ethnic groups, and when the comparison is between 30-year-old males with the same education, the differences become

even smaller. In a country as vast as the oations fits all the facts. Colour Uoited States, with very different economic conditions in different regions, the average income of an Americans, and yet a black ethnic ethnic group depends to some exteot oo bow the group is dismore than a predominantly white tributed among the regions. Difethnic group like the Puerto fereoces between members of the same ethnic group located in different places are often greater than the difference between the oational average income and the average income of the group as a whole.

Discrimination

Discrimination has obviously influenced the incomes of American ethnic groups. All have been discriminated against to one degree or another. Yet some of the most successful - such as the Orientals --- have experienced worse discrimination than most, and the extraordinary success of the Jews has been achieved in the face of centuries of anti-Semitism. The moral offensiveness of discrimination bas attracted much attentioo, but whether its causeand effect role is equally imporalso difficulties in distinguishing current employer discriminatioo

years later. Education is an obvious influence on income: For every ethnic group, finishing college means an income above the national average. In recent years, even longstanding black-white income differences have been eliminated among college-educated young people with similar family characteristics. The amount of education varies greatly from one ethnic group to another and variations in would apply equally to blacks educational quality add to these from small families, so the difdifferences. Those groups with the ference in failure rates is sigbe educated in his institutions and in the more demanding and higher paid fields, reshuffled as well. such as the natural sciences,

medicine and law. The diversity of American ethnic groups in economic terms is equally apparent in such social characteristics as fertility, longevity, unemployment, crime and

As in the general society, fertility tends to be greatest where people are poorest: "the rich get richer, and the poor have chil-dren." In geoeral, those ethnic groups with the lowest incomes --blacks, Puerto Ricans, American

Indians and Mexican-Americans

few children to reproduce themthat the more successful members fewer children than equally sucpopulatioo. That is, high-income blacks, Indians and Hispanics have unusually low fertility rates. For example, Mexican-American womeo who have completed secoodary school have fewer childreo than any other women with the same education, even though Mexican-Americans as a group have the highest fertility rate of any American ethnic group. The causes of this pehnomeooo are oot

oearly as clear as the effects of it. Wheo those individuals who bave struggled upward from poverty to affluence die off without fully reproducing themselves, it means that much of their struggle has to be repeated from scratch in the next generation because they leave few desceodants to start off with the advantages made possible by their success. In other words, part of the "human capital" accumulated by low-iocome ethnic groups perishes with each generation, making the group's upward mobility more difficult for lack of the mooey, experience. personal contacts and other advantages that their more successful members could pass on to

their offspring. High fertility directly lowers the standard of living of a group by spreading a given income more thinly among family members. Mexican-Americaos average lower incomes per capita than tant is another question. There are blacks, eveo though blacks earn less, because Mexican-American families are larger. This coofrom past discrimination in school- tributes to the Mexicaning, whose effects may be present Americans' poorer housing and lesser education than blacks and, of course, much less than the general U.S. population. High fertility is also correlated with lower scores on mental tests by the children, who must receive smaller shares of pareotal time. Half of all black males who failed the army mental tests came from families of six or more children. Whatever the cultural bias of the of the mental test, such bias largest quanity of educatioo - oificant. Fertility rates in general Jews and Orientals -- also tend to have changed drastically over the her quality years, and the relative positions of various ethnic groups have beeo

Rates of unemployment, crime and fertility are all strongly influenced by age. Unemployment varies so much by age that, despite a generally higher unemployment rate among blacks than among whites, whites under 20 have consistently bad higher ucemployment rates than blacks in the prime 25- to 45-year-old bracke1. Similarly, most violent crime is committed by males under 25, so that groups with a high proportion

have the highest fertility rates, of their members in the crimewhile Jews and Orientals have too prone age brackets tend to have high crime rates for this reason, selves. Another striking pattern is even aside from other factors that may be at work. The magnitude of of low-income groups have even this effect may be suggested by the fact that, although black crime cessful members of the geoeral rates are several times those of whites, the black and white crime rates become very similar wheo people of the same age and socioeconomic condition are compared.

Social attitudes about race and

etbnicity have changed considerably over time, especially in the Post-Warld War II ear. Jews. who had been excluded from many 10p university faculties. came ultimately to be overrepresented on such faculties. Professional sports that had once excluded blacks came to be domioated by black athletes. Anti Oriental laws, which had flourished for decades in California, were repealed in popular refereoda. Intermarriage rates among people of Irish, German and Polish ancestry exceeded 50 per cent of all their marriages, with Italian intermarriage rates falling just below 50 per ceot and Japanese-Americans not far tion results show similar patterns of growing mutual acceptance.

Intolerance

The road toward pluralism and cosmopolitanism has been long aod rocky. The intergroup animosities of the 19th century -amoog European ethnic groups or betweeo oativists and immigrants of European or Oriental ancestry

-- frequeotly erupted in violent coofrootations in which the loss of life exceeded anything seen in mid-20th-century versions of "race riots". An anti-immigrant political party called the Know-Nothings achieved a brief but spectacular success in the 1850s. electiog six governors and dominating several state legis-

Later revivals of the same intolerant spirit culminated in national legislation all but cutting off immigration in the 1920s. The tragic history of slavery, segregation laws and lynchings against blacks is all too familiar. Yet what is peculiar about the United States is oot that these intergroup animosities have existed there --- as they have existed for thousands of elsewhere --- but that their intensity has lesseoed and in some respects disappeared.

Ethnic groups themselves have chaoged in ways that made their acceptance easier. The high rates of crime, disease, dependence on charity and lack of personal bygiene that characterised many 19th-century immigrant groups passed with their acculturation to American norms and with the improvement of cities themselves. sewer systems replaced backyard outhouses and eventually indoor plumbing brought running water into the tenemeots by the end of the 19th century (although

bathtubs remained a rare luxury even then). Before that, the smells and diseases of the slums were overpowering realities.

Moderate heat waves were li1erally fatal in tenemeots that were far more overcrowded and unventilated than the slums of today. People who could not speak English, or who could not read or write in any language, were far more common then. Religious animosities were so ficree as to retard the development of public education, as well as to provide the spark for riots and the fuel for long-smouldering political rivalries. Protestant-Catholic clashes led to 50 deaths io one day io 1871. In earlier times, there were similar antagonisms and violence against Mormons. Quakers and

others. American pluralism was not an ideal with which people started but an accommodation to which they were eventually driven by the destructive toll of mutual intolegance in a country too large and diverse for effective dominance by any ooe segment of the population. The rich economic opportunities of the country also provided alternative outlets for enerbehind. Attitude surveys and elec- gies, made fighting over the division of existing material things less important than the expansion of output for all, and rewarded cooperative efforts so well as to make if profitable to overlook many differences.

The many ethnic groups that make up the American people did not arrive at the same tune or locate in the same places. Each group typically had its own era during which its immigration to America was concentrated. Irish immigration to the United States peaked about 1850, while Jewish immigratioo peaked half a century later, and Mexican-Americao immigratioo peaked half a century after that. Geographic distribution has been equally diverse. Midwest, Orientals along the West Coast, Cuban refugees in Florida, Mexican-Americans in the Southwest, and the Scotch-Irish along the Appalachian region from western Pennsylvania down through the Carolinas. Those groups that arrived virtually peoniless from Europe ... the Irish, the Italians and the Jews --- settled right in the northeast ports where they arrived. Blacks were coocentrated in the South.

Since each of these regions has activities, the fate of each of these groups became intertwined with fate of wheat farming or steel production, railroading, cotton maoufacturing, etc. Because ecocomic conditioos in the country as a whole were different in different areas, each group faced a different set of opportunities and constraints upon arrival. The subsequeot economic history of each group reflected the influence of time and place, as well as the cultural heritage that it brought to America.

Present-day differences are still beavily influenced by locatioo. The average family income of

Kuwaii (RJ)

Kuwait (SR)

Dhahran (RI) .. Jeddah (RI)

Bahrain, Doha (RJ)

Baghdad (RI)
Bangkok (RI)
Dubai, Muscat (RI)

Abu Dhabi (RJ)

blacks in New York State is more took, the weaker the people than double that of blacks in Mississippi. Mexican-Americans in the Detroit metropolitean area earn more than twice as much as

Mexican-Americans in the metropolitan areas of Laredo or Brownsville in Texas. American Indians io Chicago. Detroit or New York City make more than double the income of Indians on reservations. These differences within the same ethoic group are greater than the differences between any ethnic group and the larger society. Location matters.

Geographic distribution

The geographic distribution of ethnic groups affects not only their incomes but also their lifestyles in general. American Indians in the rural Midwest average about two children more per family than American Indians in the urban Northeast. Blacks outside the South have consistently had smaller families than blacks living in the South. Eveo within a given ciry, a given ethnic group has widely varying paterns of income, crime, broken homes, etc., by neighbourhood -- whether the ethnic group is Jewish. Italian, Mexican, etc., in origin,

There are many historic reasons for differences in the geographic distribution patters of American ethnic groups, and for their arrival at one period of history rather than another.

The change from wind-driven ships to steam-powered ships caused a drastic change in the origins of immigrants to America. In the era of wind-driven ships, European immigrants came almost exclusively from northern and western Europe. With the adveot of steam-powered ships, suddenly immigration was overwhelmingly from southern and eastern Europe --- people with greater cultural and religious differences from the U.S. population, at a time when religious differences were of major social and political importance. In the era of wind-driven ships,

an ocean voyage on a passenger vessel was beyond the financial means of most immigrants. They could reach America only in the hold of a cargo vessel returning from its deliveries in Europe. This meant that mass immigration was possible only from areas with large-scale trade with the United Europe, but not eastern or southern Europe.

American shipments to Europe were usually bulky agricultural cargoes and their imports were much smaller sized European manufactured goods, so that there was excess space on the return voyage. This space was where the immigrants were packed in, in makeshift quarters without adequate ventilation, toilet facilities. or enough food or water, in either quantity or quality. The voyage was long - and unpredictable. Depending upon the winds, it might take from ooe to three months. The longer the voyage

became from inadequate food and water and the more susceptible they became to diseases that could spread quickly in the crowded hold of a cargo snip. The routes travelled by cargo

ships depended upon the pattern of trade. This means that the immigrants did not select their destinations but landed wherever the ship was going. For example, the Irish came to America in vessels that carried lumber from the northeastern United States, so that is where they landed when the ships returned. Many Germans took cargo vessels that carried cotton to Le Havre and returned to New Orleans -- where Mississippi riverboats returning carried the Germans through the upper Mississippi Valley to settle in such places as Cincinnati, S1. Louis and Milwaukee. The American beer industry was created by the Germans in the latter two cities.

The economic cooditions that happened to exist io the region of settlement were particularly important for those groups 100 poor to relocate.

For example, the Irish who landed in Boston found a city with very little industry or other opportunities for working-class groups avoided Boston for that reason, but this was where many of the Irish found themselves in the middle of the 19th century, and they suffered the economic consequences for years to come. The very large numbers of the Irish who arrived in a few northeastern cities (notably New York and Boston) within a very few years (the 1840s and 1850s), and most of them crowded into a single occupation (unskilled labour), created special problems of absorption into the economy and society. As canal and railroad of absorption into the economy and society. As canal and railroad building proceeded in the Northeast, povertystricken Irishmen took on the hard and dangerous jobs involved. Many settled in the cities and towns and railroads. Their present-day geographic distribution continues to reflect these

The change from wind-driven ships to steamships drastically altered the pattern of American immigration. The time of the voyage shrank from a variable 30 to 90 days to a dependable 10 days, and it now became economically feasible for working-class people to travel on ships specialising in passengers rather than cargo. No longer were immigration patterns tied to trade patterns. These developments changed both the size of the immigration and its origins. The number of immigrants rose from five million in the pre-civil War era to 10 million in the next 30 years, and to 15 million in the oext 15 years. The change in countries of origin was equally dramatic: 87 per cent of the immigrants were from Northern and Western Europe in 1882, but 25 years later 81 per cent were

early settlement patterns.

Continued on page 3

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Dr. Hisham Abu Arqoub

Salam pharmacy . Neiroukh pharma

Fayez pharmacy
Al Haditha pharmacy

Al Jihad pharmacy

Venicia taxi

fihyar taxi

Asem taxi

IRBID

ordan taxi

TV & RADIO

JORDAN TELEVISION

MAIN CHANNEL

. Koran 16:50 Cartoons . Children's Programme Animals World Animals wo.... Local Programme Review 19:10 20:90 20:30 21:30 News in Arabic

FOREIGN CHANNEL each Programme . News in French 09:00 20:00 20:30 23:10 News in Arabic News in English
The Shillingbury Tales 22-00

RADIO JORDAN 855 KHz, AM & 99 MHz, FM & partly on 9560 KHz, SW

or head on 2000 strid ou
07:10 Morning Show
19:00 News Summary
10:05 Morning Show
12:00 News Summary
12:95 manufacture Pop Session
13:00 News Summary
13:05 Pop Session
14:09 News Bulletin
14:10 Instrumentals
14:30 Science Report
15:00 Concert Hour
16:00 News Summary
16:83 Instrumentals, Old Favourites
17:99 Listeners' Choice
18:00 News Summary
18:05 Jazz Hotar
19:90
19:39 Date with a Star
20:00 Evening Show
21:90 News Summary
21:58 Evening Show

BBC WORLD SERVICE 639, 720, J4J3 KHz

06:00 Newsdesk 06:30 A World of Wind

and Brass 06:45 Financial Review 06:55 Reflections 07:00 World News 07:09 British Press Review 07:15 Letterbox 07:30 On Wings of Song 07:45 Letter from America 08:00 Newsdesk 06:30 Jazz for the Asking 69:00 World News 09:09 News about Britain 09:15 From Our Own Correspondent 69:30 Sarah and Company 10:00 World News 10:09 Reflections 10:15 The Pleasure's Yours 11:00 World News 11:09 British Press Review 11:15 People and Politics 11:45
Sports Review 12:15 Four Hands in
Histmony 12:30 Religious Service 13:00
World News 13:09 News About Britain
13:15 Letter from America 13:30 Play of the Week 13:45 Play of the Week 14:30 Command Performance 18-90 World News 15:09 Commentary 15:15 Good Books 15:30 Short Story 15:45 The Tony Mystr Request Show 16:30 Ste-ptoe and Son 17:00 Radio Newsreel 17:15 From the Promenade Concerts
18:08 World News 18:09 Commentary 18:15 From Our Own Correspondent 18:15 From Our Own Correspondent 18:35 Francial Review 18:45 Letter from America 19:00 World News 19:09 News About Britain 19:40 Reflections 19:45 Sportcall 28:50 World News 28:59 News about Britain 20:15 Radio New-weel 20:30 25 Years of Rock 21:15 The Hobbit 21:30 Human Potential 22:00 Wood News 22:09 Commentary 22:15 Letterbox 22:39 Sunday Half-Hour 23:00 The Poen Intel 23:15 The Ple-Science in Action 00:40 News 00:09 Science in Action 00:40 Reflections 00:45 Sportscall 01:00 World News 01:09 Commentary 01:15 Letter from America 01:30 Diversions

VOICE OF AMERICA

95:00 The Breakfast Show: 17:00 News and Topical Reports 17:15 New Horizons 17:30 Issues in the News 16:00 Special English News 18:10 Words and Special English News 18:10 Words and their Stories 18:15 Special English Feature: People in America 18:30 Music USA: Standards 19:00 News and New Products (USA) 19:15 Critics Choice 19:30 Smelio One 20:00 Special English: News Words and their stories, feature "People in America" 20:30 Music USA (Standards) 21:90 News and Topical Reports 21:15 New Horizo 21:30 Issues in the News 22:00 Special English: in the News 22:00 Special English; News/Words and their stories 22:15 The Concert Hall 23:00 News and New Pro-ducts USA 23:15 Critics Choice 23:30 Studio One

EXHIBITION

WHAT'S GOING ON

CULTURAL CENTRES

American Centre tell British Council 3 French Cultural Centre 5 Goethe Institute	6147-8 37009
Soviet Cultural Centre	44203
Haya Arts Centre Hussein Youth City Y.W.C.A	6718
Y.W.M.A. ——————————————————————————————————	3611

MUSEUMS

Folkiore Museum: Jewelry and cos-tumes over 100 years old. Also mossics from Madeba and Jerash (4th to 18th conturies). The Roman Theatre, Amman. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5 p.m. Year-round. Tel. 51760.

Jordan Archaeological Minerum: Has an excellent collection of the amiquines of Jordan. Jabal Al Qal'a (Citadel Hill). Opening bours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. (Fridays and official holidays 10.00 a.m. 4.00 p.m.). Closed Tuesdays.

dan National Gallery: Comains a col-Jordan National Gallery: Contains a col-lection of paintings, ceramics, and scu-lpture by contemporary Islamic artists from most of the Muslim countricand a collection of paintings by 19th Century orientalist artists. Muntazah, Jabal Laweshdeh. Opening hours: 10.00 a.m. 1.30 p.m. and 3.30 p.m. - 6.00 p.m. Closed Tuesdays. Tel. 30128.

Military Museum: Collection of military memorabilia dating from the Arab Revolt of 1916. Sports City, Amman. Opening hours 9 a.m.-4 p.m. Closed Saturdays. Tel. 64240.

Popular Life of Jordan Museum: 100 to

150 year old items such as costumes, weapons, musical instruments, etc. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. Closed Tuesdays, Tel. 37169.

SERVICE CLUBS

Lions Amusea Club. Meetings every first and third Wednesday at the Int-ercontinental Hotel, 1.30 p.m. Lions Philodelphia Club. Meetings econd and fourth Wednesday the Grand Palace Hotel, 1.30 p.m. Retury Club. Meetings every Tuesday at the intercontinental Hotel, 2.00 p.m. Reyal Automobile Club. Jabal Amman, Eighth Circle. Tel. 818261.

CHURCHES

St. Joseph Church (Roman Catholic) Jabel Amman, tel. 24590. Church of the Assumciation (Roman Catholic) Jabal Luweibdeh, 37440. De la Salle Church (Roman Catholic) Jabal Hussein, 66428. Jabal Hussein, 66428. Church of the Annexistion (Greek ox) Abdeli, 2354t. Anglican Church (Church of the Redcemer) Jabal Amman, 43453.

> Armenian Catholic Church Ashrafieh, 71331. 75261. St. Ephraim Church (Syrian Orthodox) Ashrafich, 71751. outl Cherch (Inter-

> > PRAYER TIMES

denominational): meets at Souther Baptist School in Shmeisani, 63249.

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This information is supplied by Alia information department at Amman Airport tel. 92205-6, where it should always be

ARRIVALS

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	Dubai, Abu Dhabi	
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	Dhahran, Riyadh	
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15:30	Jeddah	(SV
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17:99	Cairo	(RJ)
17:00	Athens	(RJ
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17.30	Canalan Paris	150
	London, Paris	
12:00		(RJ)
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DEPARTIERS

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07:00 Aqaba (R
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10:30 Rome (R
11.00 Kome (R
11:00 Amsterdam, New York (R
11:15 Athens (R
17:30
12:00 Istanbul, London (R
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17-20 KAN
17:20
18:30 Baghdad (R

AMMAN AIRPORT

09:45	Kuwait (RJ)
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FOR THE TRAVELLER

Dar-es-Salam (BA)

Aqaba (RJ) Cairo (RJ) Jeddah (RJ)	MONEY EXCHANGE
	Local sell/buy rates in fils
Dubei, Abu Dhabi (RI) Dhahran, Riyadh (SV) Kuwait (KAC) Jeddah (SV)	Belgian franc
	haqi dinar
New York, Vienna (RJ) London, Paris (RJ) Cairo (RJ) Paris (AF)	Lebanese lira
Zurich, Geneva (SR) Casablanca (RI) Rome (RI) Prankfurt (LH)	Swedish crown
Cairo (EA) Baghdad (RI) Cairo (EA) Baghdad (RI)	UAE dirham

Bulletin supplied by the Department of

WEATHER

Fair weather and northwesterly moderate wind. In Aqaba northerly mod-erate wind and calm seas.

. 24/37 18/37 Yesterday's high temperature readings: Ammen 30, Aqaba 37. Humidity rea-dings: Amruan 44 per cent, Aqaba 25

Fire headquarters _______ 22090-3 Police rescue _____ 192, 21111, 37777 Police headquarters ______ 39141 Traffic police ______ 56390-1 Electric Power Co. .. 36381-2 Municipal water service 71125-8 HOSPITALS

EMERGENCIES

Firstaid, fire, police ... Blood bank Civil Defence rescue ...

¤i ----- 64171-4 Italian, Al-Muhajreen ... Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafieh

NIGHT DUTY AMMAN Dr. Othman Othman

120 / 100

USEFUL TELEPHONE NOS

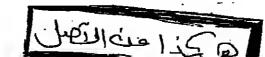
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r price in fils per kg. 450 / 400 (African) Apple (American) Apple (Double Red) 500 / 450 280 / 200 (Golden) 360 / 300 250/ 160 . 260 / 200 . 225 / 180 ma (Mukammar) 240 / 200 170/140 Cabbage ... 120 / 100 150/120 180/140 Cauliflower (white) 380 / 300 210/180 160 / 120

73877 GENERAL 731t1 Jordan Television Radio Jordan Ministry of Tourist 74t11 66412 Jordan and Middle East calls Cable or telegram Repair service 220 / t60 300 / 250

MARKET PRICES

200 / 160 Lemon Mellow 80 / 60 Messow 160 / 149 210/160 Okra Onios (dry) 100 / 80 360 / 300 350 / 300 280 / 200 100/ 80 150/150 (imported) 450 / 380roct Pepper 180/160 80 / 50 100 / 70 80 / 60



By A.B. Kassay pecial to the Jordan Times

AMMAN - The World Conference on Cultural Affairs which -took place in Mexico between July 26 and Aug. 6, 1982 was characterised by friction between the rich, industrially developed and the poorer nations, with some from the former camp vascillating between the two positions. The conference ended by adopting one of the most controversial motions, presented by Jordan, recommending to the United Nations Educational Scientific and Culfural Organisation (UNESCO) that Jerusalem be placed on the World Heritage Committee's list of endangered cities.

Jordan's delegate, Ministry of Culture and Youth's Cultural 'Adviser Suleiman Mousa told the Jordan Times that there were two main currents in the conference: The first, represented by the couniries of Western Europe, the United States and Canada, wanted to limit discussions to matters pertaining to cultural policies, while the second, the Eastern bloc and the Third World, were in favour of discussing more controversial issues.

One of the most controversial speeches was delivered by the French minister of culture who accused the United States of exploiting the world not only through its powerful economy but also through its highly developed cinema and television industries and through American press agencies.

In this the French minister was supported by Greek Culture Minister Melina Mercouri who also called for resisting the enc-roachement of American Culture at the expense of Third World natfonal cultures and a motion was passed in favour of encouraging and promoting national cultures. Disappointingly, on the Jerusalem

issue France abstained.
The Greek delegation, spearheading the Third World attack, proposed a motion recommending the return to works of art taken to Europe in the 19th Century, a motion which Britain opposed as it would mean the return of the Elgin Marbles taken to the British

Museum from the Partheneon by Lord Elgin. "Britain suggested debating the issue without holding vote nn the matter, which the Greek delegation refused and the motion was passed," said Mr.

The issue of Jerusalem, one of

the last motions to be voted on.

had all the characteristics of a

U.N. debate on the Arab-Israeli conflict: Arab delegations citing Israeli contraventions, Third World indignation at these con-traventions, European abstentions, and desperate American attempts to protect Israel at all cost. According to Mr. Mousa, the United States delegation tried at first to prevent the vote on the grounds that since first hand infnrmation was not available to the conference the recommendation should be for the UNESCO to send a fact-finding mission to the city. But Israel bad already pre-vented one UNESCO fact-finding mission from entering the city, Mr. Mousa told the-conference, and Israel attempted to burn Al Aqsa Mosque and the later shooting of worshippers there this year, as well as the demolnion of Arab living quarters and surrounding villages and the drop in Arab pop-. ulatinn of Jerusalem as manifestations of a danger threatening the cultural atmosphere of Jerusalem, Mr. Mousa added: In 1945, 30,000 Christians lived in Jerusalem. At the prevalent rate of population growth there would have been 45,000 inhabiting the city today. Yet the figure stands at 12,000," a drop of over 70 per cent. "The attacks on Al Aqsa Mosque." he went nn to

we hope others do too." The speech was interrupted by the Israeli delegation shouting for a point of order. When the session chairman, the head of the Srilankan delegation recognised Israel, delegate Yael Vered protested that "we are here to talk about Jerusalem and its walls and this business we've been bearing is

say, "do not represent individual

efforts, but represent the Zionist

hatred of and disregard for any-

thing not Jewish. We respect all

religions; Mr. Mousa concluded,



Ministry of Culture and Youth Cultural Adviser Suleiman Mousa delivers his "long and strident speech" as it was described by the Mexican Press, at the conference held in Mexico between July 26 and

talking about Jerusalem." The point of order was overruled on the grounds that the population and suburbs of Jerusalem are an integral part of the city. When Jordan was allowed to resume the address, Mr. Mousa "protested Israel's doctrine of hatred causes them to destroy all that is not theirs." The vote was a decisive majority in favour of the motion. America and Israel voted against it, Canada and Western Europe (with the exception of Greece and Spain) abstained, while virtually all the Eastern bloc countries and

the Third World voted in favour. American delegate Allen Weinstein still tried to disqualify the vote since all UNESCO member

nff the subject. Let us continue states were nnt present and suggested that the issue of Jerusalem be left entirely to the Heritage Committee, but the suggestion was overruled, Israel then stated that it is not a signatory of the Wnrld Heritage Pact and consequently the recommendation the interruption and charged that and any decisions based upon it would not be binding.

The Jordan Times asked Mr. Mnusa what is the effect of this recommendation. "Merely a moral victory," he said. "Israel has a long tradition of ignoring recommendations and rulings and not much action may ensue from this recommendation. But through this platform we were able to explain to the world the truth about what is happening and we have achieved a moral victory."

University assigns 382

seats to sons of servicemen

Qasem: Niamey meeting to tackle Islamic issues

AMMAN (Petra) — Islamic For-eign Ministers' 13th meeting ope-unified position with the purpose ning at Niamey, Niger Sunday will tackle urgent Islamic issues foremnst of which will be Israel's invasion of Lebanon the Palestine and Jerusalem issues as well as the Iraq-Iran war, Foreigo Minister Marwan Al Qasem announced

departure in Niger at the head of an official Jordanian delegation. Mr. Qasem said that handling such issues can best be carried nut through the building up of a unified

Arab and Islamic stands. "It is mey, Mr. Qasem and his del-

Speaking shortly before his

of confronting the challenges facing them and to save their peoples from attempts at sedition and hegemnny," the minister said.

The Niamey meeting, will be a good opportunity for Arab foreign ministers to meet with their colleagues from Islamic nations to discuss the latest developments of the Palestine problem and to try to achieve a conserted stand to be adopted at international forums.

part in an Arab foreign ministers meeting which will be held at the city of Al Mohammadiyeh on Aug. 28.

The ministers will discuss current Arab issues which affect the Arab situaton as a whole. "It is important for the Arab ministers to solve these issues before adnpting a unified Arab stand that would define means for serving the highest Arab national interests and safeguarding the nation's existence and entity." the minister

development, at the Chamber of Industry Saturday. The seminar is organised by the Queen Alia Wel-fare Fund. In her opening address Princess Basma said that emphasis and pri-

Seminar

Jordan's

development

By Riyad Ahmad

Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN - "Scientific research

is the corner-stone on which social

development plans should built"

Princess Basma said at the ope-

ning ceremony nf a two-day sem-mar on major issues of Inrdanian

studies

ority should be given to social diseases stemming from social change and to the training and edu-Minister of social development, Mrs. In'am Al Mufti, chairman of the first day sessions talked about

the positive role and contribution of such a seminar in helping the Ministry of Social Development construct its effective development programmes. She added that the ministry is currently paying special attention to improve women's working conditions and help them participate in the country's development.

In the first day session participants discussed the first working paper on social defence and the education system presented by Dr. Taha Zahran and Mr. Faisal Gharaibeh. The paper described deviance as an acquired symptom caused by unbalanced social change and pressures. It also mentioned that the young constitute most of the delinquents; for they. by nature, easily respond to social diseases caused by lack of adaptation to ne' social environments. The, send to be violent but at the same time they can be reformed.

According to the paper dem-ographic differences play a role in causing deviance. For instance, in. heavily populated areas where most of the inhabitants are of the low income group the rate of deviance is relatively high.

The second working paper presented by Dr. Kamel Abu Jaber and Mr. Munzer Al Masri discussed the education and training of women. The paper stated th planners emphasise women's role in the national development of a developing country like Jordan where training and educating women is a challenge that should be met. The paper also mentioned that social and economical development can be achieved if women are allowed to play a positive role in society. It criticised local researchers and studies for not tackling the problem deeply and from different perspectives.

In the evening session, participants discussed two working papers presented by Dr. Ghassan Mussalam and Mr. Sami Zreigat on the socio-economic consequences of the services in general and medical services in spe-

The seminar concluded by the discussion of a paper on demographic trends in national planning presented by Dr. Ahmad Hamudeh and Mr. Yaser Sara.

Participants will continue discussing working papers in the second day session to be chaired by Dr. Kamel Abu Jaber where two papers are going to be presented. The first will be on the consequences of rapid population growth on development by Dr. Fawzi Sahawni and Dr. Harb Hunaiti. The second paper which will be on poverty and its implications on development by Dr. Ahmad Abu Sheikha and Mr. Gazi Assaf.

Jordanians qualify in safety management



Left: Attalla Salem Arar Majali, from Consolidated Contractors International Company Ltd.

Right: Najib Sabbagh from Consolidated Con-tractors International Company Ltd., being pre-

ship, the St. Katharine, London, LONDON (J.T.) - Attalla Salem Arar Majali and Najib Elias Habib Sabbagh from the Conboard the Safety Council's trasolidated Contractor Intining ship, the St. Katharine, on emational Co., Jordan, were two Friday July 30, 1982. Repof 24 successful delegates on the resenting 12 countries and a range British Safety Council Int-emational Diploma in Safety

of industries from petroleum and steel to printing and insurance, they included 7 who had gained Management course who received distinctions-the highest number so far awarded to any contingent of international delegates, according to the British Safety Cou-

> Many of the diplomas were presented by officials from the delegate's respective embassies: the remainder by James Tye, the British Safety Council's director gen-

In his opening speech, Mr. Tye said: "I would like to offer my sincere congratulations to those overseas delegat s who have successfully completed the British Safety Council International Diploma course. I feel sure that the delegates bave found the course both worthwhile and rewarding."

their Diploma in Safety Man-agement at a reception held on neis Pym MC MP.

sented with their British Safety Council Diplomas in

safety management by: Mr. Nashashibi, minister

plenipotentiary at the embassy of Jurdan at a reception on board the British Safety Council's training

Every delegate was required, over a 10-week period, to take an intensive series of courses which include General Safety, Occ-upational Health, Com-munications, Advanced Safety Management and Total Loss Control. Finally their knowledge of these five areas was tested in a 400-question examination, and the diploma was awarded only to those who gained a pass in all five sections.

The value of the courses is abl demonstrated by the 30%-50% reduction in industrial accidents which Diploma holders regularly achieve in their first year after training, the council says.

Holders of the International Diploma in Safety Management are entitled to join the Intemational Institute of Safety Management (IISM), the body established to advance public education in accident prevention and He also read a message of con-gratulations from the British foroccupational health in industry-worldwide.

ceremony was held in Amman

Phosphate train derailed

AOABA (Petra) - The derailment of a phosphate-laden train heading towards Aqaba has caused its collision with another train resulting in material damage but no casualties, according to Aqaba Railway Corporation Director

He said that the train travelling from the phosphates mines at Al Hasa, shot off its course and collided with another train parked along another line.

Teams of experts and workers are carrying nut repairs, and resumption of normal rail schedules is expected within the coming 24 hours, he said.

Crops irrigated from Zarga River destroyed

etables grown on a 600-dunum area in Zarqa and irrigated by waste water from Zarga River have been destroyed, according to Acting Zarqa District Governor

A special committee charged with the task is continuing its efforts and will destroy leafy vegetables grown on a 900 dunum area at Sukhneh, Ruseifa and

mers to stop growing such vegetables alongside the river and irt-

Amman street named Bucharest AMMAN (Petra) - A special Saturday for naming one of Jabal Amman's streets after Bucharest. capital of Romania, in manifestation of bolstering relations of

friendship and cooperation bet-

ween Amman and Bucharest. Bucharest treet branches out from the Al Aqsa street in Jabal Amman.

Attending the special ceremony were Amman Mayor Isam Ajlouni, Romania's Ambassador to Jordan Andrei Cervencovici.

During Mr. Ajlouni's visit to Bucharest last June a ceremony was held there to name one of the Romanian capital's streets after Amman. Mr. Ajlouni also signed a protocol on cooperation between Amman and Bucharest in a number of fields.

ATS employees offer their heartfelt condolences to the ABDEL HADI FAMILY on the loss of the beloved

OBITUARY

MAZEN AWNI ABDEL HADI

Whose departure will be missed by all

THE INTERNATIONAL COMMUNITY SCHOOL

Wishes to make it clear that the autumn term will begin as scheduled on Sunday Sept. 5 for new entrants and on Monday Sept. 6 for returning pup-

Committee studies tomato marketing problems

ZARQA (Petra) - A special topics discussed at the meeting. committee has been set up for the purpose of meeting with farmers in Zarga District and assessing the volume of their tomato crops this

The committee to be chaired by the director of agriculture here was formed at a meeting attended by farmers representatives in Al Hallabat and Al Duleil regions and an official representing the Tomato Paste Company affiliated to the Agricultural Marketing

Organisation. The current low prices of tomatoes and problems of marketing the crops were among the main

Continued from page 2

from Southern and Eastern

Europe. Slavic, Jewish and

Mediterranian peoples became

important elements of the Ameri-

can population for the first time.

United States involuntarily, and

their destinations were chosen by

others, but it was not a random

choice. Blacks were concentrated

in the South, whose climate and

soil were suited to the kinds of

crops that could be produced

under the restrictive conditions of

slavery. After the invention of the

cotton gin in 1793, slavery in the

United States became over-

wbelmingly cotton-producing

slavery, and the geographic dis-tribution of the black population

shifted even more so toward the

South, concentrating in the

cotton-growing lands of Mississippi, Alabama, Georgia and

Even after the end of slavery.

northern Louisiana.

Blacks were brought to the

The committee will help the farmers to despatch the surplus of their crops to the Tomato Paste

Company at the Jordan Valley to be tinned. The Department of Agriculture in cooperation with the Agricultural Marketing Organisation will purchase surplus tomatoes at reasonable prices for the Tomato Paste Company, a

He said that at present the central market place in Zarqa receives 100 tonnes of tomatoes daily for the local market and other quantities are left unsold.

History's biggest immigration

routes in the 20th century.

accessibility of air and shipping

Each ethnic history is dis-

tinctive, and yet all were influ-

department spokesman said.

Badran given

AMMAN (Petra) — The National Consultative Council (NCC) Saturday handed Prime Minister Mudar Badran a copy of NCC members' speeches delivered at the council's emergency session on Aug. 8 to discuss the Zionist invasion of Lebanon and its aggression on the Lebanese and Pal-

speeches

estinian people.

airs Committee Abdul Wahhab Al

the United States. But the obsta-

cles and suffering they experi-

enced before arriving here usually

exceeded anything experienced

on American soil. Anti-Semitism

in the United States meant

encountering snobbery and occu-

pational restrictions, but not living

under the threat of mass expul-

sions and massacres. Even the his-

toric bitterness of slavery was

worse for Africans enslaved to the

Arabs or in the rest of the Western

Hemisphere, where slaves died off

faster than they could produce. In

short, America has never been

exempt from the ages-old sins that

have plagued the human species.

What has been distinctively

American, is the extent to which

other factors have also been at

in America, and American society

has changed in many ways. The

most dramatic examples is that

today there are people sitting in

Congress and on the Supreme

Court whose ancestors were

brought here as slaves. Among the

world's leading figures today are

Americans whose immigrant

ancestors were once dismissed as

'the beaten men of beaten races".

Nothing has so vindicated the

untapped potential of ordinary

people as the American experi-

ethnic groups has not been a

one-way process. Much of the

vernacular, food, music and other

cultural characteristics of the

American society today were once

ethnic peculiarities but are now

part of the common heritage.

Groups have not vanished in a

melting pot, but neither they nor

the country are the same as they

The assimilation of American

Each ethnic group has changed

work, usually for the better.

seats at various faculties the sons of Armed Forces personnel for the academic year 1982-83. A university spokesman said that out of these seats 60 will be at the Faculty of Arts, 60 at the Faculty of Economics and Commerce, 60 at the Faculty of Sciences, 30 at the Faculty of Shari'a (Islamic Law), 10 seats at the Faculty of Medicine. 10 seats at the Faculty of Nursing, 40 sears at the Faculty of Agriculture, 30 seats at the Faculty of Education, 40 seats at the Faculty of Engineering and Technology, 16 seats at the Faculty of

versity of Jordan has assigned 382

AMMAN (Petra) - The Uni- Physical Education, 10 seats at th Faculty of Pharmacy.

Five per cent of the total number of seats for new students at the university for the 1982-83 academic year have been assigned for students from other Arab countries and foreign nations.

Jordanian students who completed their secondary education at other Arab and foreign schools will be accepted at the University of Jordan after their certificates and diplomas have been authenticated and these students will be subject to regulations and conditions governing other Jordanian students who completed the secondary education in Jordan.

Ministry to develop rural communication services

MADABA (Petra) - The Ministry of Communications will pursue relentless efforts to improve postal and telephone services throughout Jordanian rural reginus, according to Minister of Communications Mohammad Addoub

Basatin will also serve the inhabitants of Umm Al Asaker and Umm Al Birak as well as the poultry farms and other installations in their vicinity. Dr. Zaben said. Umm Al Basatm's post office will

At the outset of the tour in Madaba District the Minister visited Na'our region where he discussed with local officials the dis-

trict's needs of postal, telephone and niher related services. He said the Telecommunications Cor-Speaking at a ceremony for poration TCC is planning to construct a modern telephone network in Na'our in the coming few

> months with the purpose of traasforming the current manually operated system there into an automated one. During the meeting in Na'our the town's mayor ann-

land to the ministry of communications for the construction of a new post office. The minister was accompanied on the tour by

versity of Jordan is studying the possibility of establishing a fine arts faculty to meet the country's needs of skilled artists, according to a university spokesman. He said that experienced people in this field are being contacted at present to help set up the faculty.

formation of a sports federation to sports competitions.

AMMAN (Petral - The Uni- group members from all Jordanian universities.

> Contacts are being held with Yarmouk University and Mu'ta University with the purpose of forming such a federation whose task will be to plan and coordinate sports activities by the three universities on the local level and to represent Jordanian universities at the Arab and international

ZARQA (Petra) - Leafy veg-

Musleh Al Tarawneh.

Wadi Al Hajar.

Mr. Tarawneh appealed to far-

the concentration of blacks in a region that was to remain poorer than the rest of the country was an enduring economic handicap. Today, that half of the black population which lives outside the South carns about 50 per cent higher income than the half still located in the South. Obviously. the moome of the black population as a whole is lower because of its geographic distribution. aside from all other con-

Some immigrants to the United States stimply settled in those parts of the country closes to their places of origin — the Orientals in Harmit, and on the West Coast, Mexican-Americans in the September and Cubans in Florida. strations of Puerto and West Indians in and Your City reflect the

enced by similar factors of age. location, time of arrival and the skills and cultures they brought with them to American shores. The current economic position of American ethnic groups covers a wide range, and yet no group is unique, nor as unusual as comparison with a statistical "national average" might suggest. For each group, there are others in similar circumstances: the national average itself is nothing more than a lumping together of large dif-Striking pattern Perhaps the most striking pat-

tern among American ethnic groups is their general rise in economic conditions with the passage of time. Progress is so generally taken for granted in the United States that it is necessary to realise that it is not automatic. In many parts of the world people still live at an economic level not much above that of their ancestors. But in addition to absolute rises in living standards, political representation and longevity. American ethnic groups have typically also risen in relative terms. Italian-Americans who earned less than half the national income in the early 20th century now receive more than the national average. The poverty-striken Jews of the late 19th century now earn more than any other ethnic group, including Auglo-Saxons. There are wide variations in the rates of progress among American ethnic groups, but progress itself is per-

Every ethnic group has encountered obstacles to its progress in

copies of NCC

The copy was delivered to the prime minister at his office by NCC President Suleiman Arar. The meeting was attended by chairman of the NCC's Foreign Aff-

Law, 16 seats at the Faculty of

opening a post office at Umm Al Basatin in Madaba District, the minister said that improvement of basic services is bound in put an end to penple's movement from rural regions to the cities.

The new post office at Umm Al

ounced that he is offering a plot of have 100 lines at present, and this Amman Governor Yahya Al can be expanded to become 250 in Mousili and several niher aides.

University of Jordan considering establishment of fine arts school

According to the spokesman. the university is also studying the.

igating them ""

Jordan Times Responsible Editor Board of JUNA'A HANEVIAD MOHAMMAD AMAD Directory RAJA ELISSA Editor-in-Chief ; RAMI G. KHOURI Managing Editor GFORGES. HAWATMEH MOHAMMAD AMAD Advertising Manager : FERNANDO FRANCIS MARMOUD AL KAYE Editorial und advertising officer Jordan Press Foundation. University Road, P.O. Box 6216 Amman, Jordan Lelephones .: 67171-2-3-4 Telegram JORFIMES, Amusin, Jordan The Jordan Times is published daily except bridges Sufficiention and

Honour on the move

THERE IS enough honour in the Palestinian forces leaving Beirut these two weeks to fill not one, but several states. Those of us living outside west Beirut can say nothing to the Palestinians being evacuated from Beirut except this: Go with your honour and your self-respect, for these are the true weapons that will eventually allow all the Arab people to face up to the American-Israeli challenge. There is no shame in leaving, for you leave with your honour enhanced. There is no shame in dispersal, for you are dispersed among other Arabs who look to you with silent, quiet respect. There is no shame in carrying only light arms, because you and your light arms are there after ten weeks of indiscriminate attack by the combined forces and weaponry of Israel and the United States--two of the world's four top military powers.

There is only one message that we can transmit to the Palestinian resistance forces: We salute you and all those who stood and fought and died with you as men and women of courage, honour and enormous dignity. You are truly rich people.

JORDAN'S ARABIC PRESS EDITORIALS

Al Ra'i: Arabs are aware of U.S. games

In his most recent press conference, President Reagan was quoted as saying he would immediately start to move within the framwork of Camp David accords to prepare for a comprehensive se' lement of the Middle East crisis as soon as his eary Philip Habib's agreements in Beirut are carried out. At the same time, Senator Charles Percy, chairman of the U.S. Senate Foreign Relations Committee, announced that the U.S. administration was working on a sophisticated plan for a Middle East settlement. The meaning of this is that the American "kitchen" was cooking a new Camp David plan to be submitted to Arabs in the near future.

We would give the following perceptions of motives that pushed the U.S. "kitchen" to initiate and put forward its n-w "dish":

First: to show the U.S. administration as a party which is concerned in solving the Palestinian problem in order to get cansuallaged the old impression of its being a beneficiary of the crisis.

Second: to draw attention of Arabs and the entire world away from the var tragedies in Beirut, which were expected to so read out its stench over the world's concern, to the U.S. proposed plan, upon the completion of the settlement of the so-called Beirut crisis.

Al Dustour: Heroes of an unequal war

Nothing but a collective Arab hail ought to be rendered unto the Palestinian beroes while leaving Beirut after three months of unequal struggle against the aggression of a much stronger Israeli army with all its modern techniques of warfare.

It is not cowardice or fear of death that made those brave fighters leave their Beirut. They departed for the sake of saving an Arab capital from destruction and to avert any further human casualties among innocent civilians taken as targets of extermination and annihilation by the Israelis.

There is very little doubt that the Palestinians' presence in Beirut was temporary, though they endured the longest and toughest war with the

Third: to absorb the greatest amount of "hatred poured upon the U.S. administration" as a result of its involvement in the Lebanon events.

Fourth: to create the impression that the U.S. is the sole party capable of solving the Palestinian question and blocking the path against any international move to take part in the matter. Fifth: to follow-up on the "Camp David jou-

mey" in spite of all its negative effects. Sixth: to exploit current Arab disputes and to manipulate their artificial discords in order to cre-

ate a new crack in their lines. Seventh: to present a justification for Israel to pursue its expansionist plans inside the occupied

So, the U.S. administration is apparently preparing for a fresh political blow against the Arabs, complementary to its involvement in the Israeli massacre in Lebanon in order to impose an Middle East settlement in the region.

In the circumstances, Arabs must prevent the expected American blow by preparing for an agreed peace and measures to be taken. The need of holding the forthcoming Arab summit meeting is rising, hlatantly demonstrating the necessity that the Arab leaders cope with the current events in light of their full national commitment.

arture of the Palesnian combatants does not mark

an end to their struggle but, instead, chalks out a

new phase of their confrontation with Israel, until

the return and the restoration of the occupied

But the only painful and intolerable phe-

nomenon that appeared during the Israeli brutal

aggression on Lebanon was the Arab inaction and

their stance as onlookers rather than to rush and

present all possible aid to their Palestinian bro-

homeland is achieved.

thers in their anguish.

enemy causing a shock to the picture of Israel as a party rising on the Right. most powerful state in the region. Thus, the dep-

Socialists would win 37 per cent of the votes against 10.7 to the Popular Alliance and only seven per cent to the UCD if elections were held now.

The magazine Actualidad Economica asked 270 executives who they thought were the most influential men in Spain. Aside from King Juan Carlos, Mr. Gonzalez topped the list. He came just ahead of Right-wing leader Man-

America's planned production of neutron weapons faces opposition

By Christopher Hanson Reuter

WASHINGTON - A Pentagon project that could triple America's planned arsenal of enhanced radiation (neutron) weapons. although not yet officially confirmed, is already facing tough scrutiny in Congress and Western Europe.

Republican Senator Mark Hatfield of Oregon, influential chairman of the senate appropriations committee, tald Reuters he is determined to kill the project. which he says will make nuclear war more likely.

The programme, naw under "full scale development" according to the energy department, calls for production of between 1,000 and 3,000 nuclear artillery shells. The Pentagon says no final deci-

sion on production has been made, but officials told Reuters late last mouth that the defence department was enthusiastically pushing the plan.

The new shell, called W82. would have much less explosive power than a standard nuclear weapon but could emit up to six times as much lethal radiation.

It would include a system allowing it to be converted for use as a standard nuclear explosive or as an enhanced radiation weapon. according to the Pentagon.

With the neutron shell, which would kill people without widespread property destruction, Mr. Hatfield said, "you depart from the concept of a weapon too horrible to be used. This weapon undermines nuclear deterrence.

Pentagon hackers of the project say the W82 would make an invasion of Western Europe less likely because its deadly radiation can kill crew members inside their tanks, countering an estimated three to one Soviet advantage over NATO in tanks.

The administration has annunced plans for a larger neutron amillery shell and a neutron Lance missle warhead.

But the army wants the W82 because it would be more readily available on the European battlefield, Congressional sources say. The new weapon would be

uel Fraga Iribarne, a former minis-

ter in the Franco government. Mr.

The UCD was set up by former

prime minister Adolfo Suarez in

1977 as a coalition grouping

Christian and Social Democrats

Liberals, Conservatives and

former Francoists. It has now lost,

through defections, as many as a

quarter of the 167 deputies it has

in the 350-seat congress (lower

Calvo Sotelo, who succeeded Mr.

Suarez after an attempted military

coup last year, moved from a

reformist line to a more con-

servative one, apparently to

Some Christian Democrats

detected as the ropular Alliance

emerged from local elections as a

rising force. They advocate a pact

with the right wing as the only way

to stop the Socialists. Mr. Suarez,

having lost a struggle to recover control of the UCD, also left to

establish the Democratic and

Social Centre (CDS) with his

The 49-year old architect of

Spain's transition to democracy is

somewhat isolated, but still retains

Actualidad Economica's list

popular backing. He was third on

Sitting npright

Television viewers remember

him sitting upright under bursts of

sub-machinegun fire while vir-

tually all other deputies and gov-

ernment members had dived

under their seats during the

takeover of parliament hy rebel

The former prime minister has

based his appeal on the need to

defend civilian power, which he

says is still threatned, and to avoid

- circles in a country still scarred by

its bloody civil war.

civil guards.

soothe military unrest.

faithful supporters.

It lost Social Democrats as Mr.

Calvo Sotelo came eighth.

fired from artillery pieces that are not to be named, told Reuters administration request for \$50 abundant in Western Europe.

This factor alarms critics such as Mr. Hatfield, who says a nuclear holocaust is likely to ensure once even a small nuclear weapon is exploded in Europe.

Senate opponents of the W82 won an early skirmish early this month when the appropriations committee voted to delete \$7.5 million the administration sought for production facilities.

Europeans unhappy

In addition to difficulties in Congress, the Wg2 may face a rough ride in Western Europe, despite the fact that the weapon, with a range of 30 kilometres, is intended to protect that region from a Soviet attack.

West European governments, faced with growing anti-nuclear movements, are far from eager to have new nuclear weapons on their soil, and the administration's announcement on neutron weapons last year brought an anguished cry from the allies.

A NATO official, who asked

consultations with Washington would have to precede any decision to deploy the W82 or other neutron weapons in Europe. He said no such consultations were

ımderway.

The administration has stressed it has no immediate plans to deploy the weapons in Europe. For the time being, they will be stored in the United States and rushed to Europe if needed.

While the administration says no final decision has been made to produce the W82, it has requested funds for full scale development and production facilities, and one official told Reuters:

"If you ask for money for procurement and production facilities, you're going to produce something."

The House of Representatives has approved the \$7.5 million requested for this year, but some sources in Congress believe the Senate position will prevail in the

The real battle over the W82 will be joined in several months when Congress considers an million for production facilities in

Ultimately, the programme could cost at least \$3 billion. aecording to congressional sources, who say each W82 shell is likely to cost 5three million, making it the most expensive artillery

With earlier plans calling for 800 larger neutron shells and 380 Lance missiles with neutron warheads, they said, plans to build 1,000 to 3,000 W82s could cost more than triple the number of U.S. neutron weapons.

They said the high cost of the W82 will work against it in Congress, where even conservatives have been scrutinising the military budget closely in light of record spending deficits.

Other lawmakers such as Democratic Senator Gary Hart of . Colorado say the plan to rush . neutron weapons to Europe in time of crisis would put too great a strain on U.S. transport planes that would be needed to carry troops and vital supplies.

Left-Right confrontation anticipated in

Spain's elections

By Francois Raitherger

MADRID - The prospect of an early election that could turn Spain's Centre-dominated political scene into a Left-Right confrontation has given Spanish politicians little time for a holiday this summer.

The general elections, the third since General Francisco Franco died nearly seven years ago, are not due until April. But many believe they will be called befare the end of the year.

Socialist leader Felipe Gonzalez, one of the favourites to win them, says the centrist gnverament of Prime Minister Leopoldo Calvo Sotelo will not survive through the autumn on a paraliamentary majority dented by divisions and desertions.

The Ruling Union of the Democratic Centre (UCD) which voters elected to power in 1977 and again in 1979, has declined over the past months.

Opinion polls and regional elections showed the Socialist Party becoming Spain's major political force and the Popular Alliance

According to the latest poll, the

Israel shocks American Jews

By Lenni Brenner

Lenni Brenner is a freelance writer on the Middle East and is the author of "Zionism in the Age of the Dictators," which will be published later this year.

ZIONISTS HAVE always worshipped "facts". A gun pointed at another man's head is a "fact" and Israel's prime minister and his defence minister believe in presenting an image of Israel so warlike that the Arabs, however grudgingly, will reconcile themselves to the fact that Israel is here to stay and come to terms with it. But the price of convincing the Arabs of this "fact" is the alienation of all those, everywhere, who are opposed to war and dedicated to justice.

Mr. Begin and General Sharon have the capacity to destroy the PLO in Lebanon and to defeat the Syrians, but the savage "Operation Peace for Galilee" stunned millions of Americans and opened up a deep gulf between the present Israeli government and all those Jews who sincerely regard themselves as liberals. And it has finally driven the friends of Israel within the American peace movement into determined opposition to the reality of Israel, if not to the ideology behind it. Zionism's military victory in Lebanon is the beginning of Zionism's political defeat in America. This result will not come about overnight; but there can be little doubt that the forces now arraying themselves against Begin and his policy have the potential one day to defear him.

Mr. Alexander Haig's resignation, at the height of the crisis m Lebanon, and his replacement by Mr. George Shultz, with his closer understanding of the Arah World, are likely to have an effect on U.S. policy in the short term; hut whoever is in charge in Washington, the U.S. government seems likely to remain the implacable enemy of social revolution in the Middle East - therefore of the Palestinians and the PLO. However, the American people showed during the Vietnam war that they were capable of defeating their government and they are now beginning to question Washington's ties to Israel.

Only two months ago a Gallup poll showed that the withdrawal from Sinai had raised American sympathy for Israel from 44 per cent to 51 per cent, the highest in a decade, with the Arabs getting only 12 per cent. Suddenly all that is changed. On 18 June the Los Angeles Times ran the latest Associated Press - National Broadcasting Corporation poll. Of those aware of the invasion of Lebanon, 54 per cent disapproved of it and only 32 per cent backed the Israelis. On 29 June the New York Times ran the Columbia Broadcasting System poll: 34 per cent approved Begin's move and 38 per cent said he was wrong. The vast majority of the American people are apolitical and therefore it is not surprising that only 7 per cent said that the government should criticise Israel and that 32per cent, including one third of those who disapproved the invasion, felt that the U.S. should say nothing. But 24 per cent did say that the U.S. should reduce aid to the Israelis and the number of those who felt that the U.S. should give its "strongest support" to Israel had sharply declined.

turbed millions of apolitical Americans, its effect on the political activists has been startling. On 12 June, only days after the inva-sion. New York saw the largest demonstration in American history when, by the most conservative count, at least 750,000 Americans demonstrated for a nuclear freeze. On 20 June a fullpage advertisement appeared in the New York Times which was signed by many of the most prominent sponsors and speakers at this rally. They included the Berrigan brothers, Ramsay Clark, Daniel Ellsberg, Jesse Jackson, Ralph Schoenman, Pete Seeger, 1.F. Stone, and dozens of others promment in innumerable liberal and leftist causes. The statement they signed condemned the Israeli indiscriminate attack" calling it

state terrorism" On 29 June the Village Voice, the most influential weekly intellectual organ in America, frontpaged a savage article entitled The silence of American Jews", by Nat Hentoff, a life-long Zionist and well-known as a fighter for free speech. He deplored the fact that not even the discovery of the mass burial of children killed in a Sidon school had provoked any outcry from American Jewry. 'Many good folks in the United States as in Israel", wrote Hentoff. do not consider Arabs to be fully human", adding that he hoped Israel would not become the South Africa of the Middle East. Six hundred followers of the New Jewish Agenda also put in an advertisement condemning the invasion.

Isolated cause

The pro-Palestinian movement had been one of the most isolated causes in America, the Palestinians being few and scattered, while the Arabs together, even including many Right-wing Maronites, number less than a million. But the Jews make up the richest of the ethnic or religious groupings in the country. They are a massive urban force, comprising 15 per cent of the population of Manhattan, and 10 per cent of that of San Francisco. The liberal Democrats, who played a powerful role in most progressive movements, are crucially dependent on campaign contributions from wealthy Jews and from unions which have atrong links with the Histadrut in Israel.

But the invasion brought the demoralised Palestinians to their feet, and suddenly they found new friends and allies at their side. When leaders of the American Indian movement appeared at a rally at the Israeli consulate to declare that "we are the Palestinians of America", they added an impressive legitimacy to the Palestinians' demands. Few Americans have ever seen an Indian but most acknowledge that they were the victims of America's racism and greed. Nor is it unimportant to America's blacks, 11 African National Congress denounced Israel for its arms traffic to South Africa. The Black United Front, rapidly becoming the voice of the new black move-Arab community in Brooklyn to offer its complete support.

The pacifists, previously reluctant to involve themselves with the Palestinians out of concern for the safety of the Israelis, as well as out of reluctance to alienate the sig-

If the invasion has deeply dis-, nificant Jewish element in the anti-nuclear campaign, have been goaded finally into action. Vigils and demonstrations are now the order of the day, and they and the Palestinians initiated an Emergency Committee for Lebanon that has already grown to include virtually all of the activist elements within the broad peace camp, except for the liberal politicians. Rallies and demonstrations have taken place across the coun-. try, with 400 taking part in Los Angeles, 1000 in Detroit, 2200 in Washington and 4000 in New York, Boston has already seen a teach-in of 1000; others are scheduled in New York again, Chicago, Austin (Texas), Washington and San Francisco, and a lot more are in the pipeline for the college campuses for the

Criteria for unity

universities' autumn term.

The new movement is united: only on the demands that Israel withdraw from Lebanon and that the U.S. stop arming Israel But the important fact is that it unites both supporters and opponents of the Israeli state, and refuses to let that issue divide it. The presence in the leadership of pacifist Zionists and democratic secularists will inevitably create argument as the ideological questions are taken up in the teach-ins.

In many respects the most

important aspect of the new

development is its wider impli-

cations. The liberals are far away from the new movement. The national conference of the Democratic Party met on 27 June, with Edward Kennedy present, and solemnly proclaimed that "international terrorism has been dealt a severe blow and Soviet influence has been réduced". Much of the peace movement had been preparing to back supporters of Kennedy's nuclear freeze resolution in : the forthcoming congressional elections but now it is obvious that such a vote would be little more than a vote for Begin. Many activists will still back these "peace Democrats" as the lesser of two evils, but the fact that their lesser evil arms the greater evil in Israel will doubtlessly push many out of the Democratic Party's orbit for good. The Democrats are far more popular than the Middle East forces but the son-in-law of a monkey eats what a monkey eats and therefore the Democrats will suffer from the growing unpopularity of the Israeli state. The parallelogram of forces in the peace movement is bound to change in the direction of the radicals, with profound implications for the future fortunes of the Zionists, the Palestinians, the Democrats and

the peace movement. There is something prophetic in the observations of the Reverend' Frederick Douglas Kirkpatric, a celebrated folksinger who travels throughout America singing for countless causes: "It's the peace movement bureaucrats, out of percent of the population, that the concern for the feelings of their more backward Jewish donors, who are lagging behind the people. People see Begin's bloody claws and they are starting to tell the politicians that their own ment, hastened to approach the hands are dripping blood from holding on to him. In meetings of blacks the people jump up shouting agreement when I tell them? that this is Israel and that we are the Palestinians."

From Middle East Inst



Poles celebrate 600th anniversary of Black Madonna amid displeasure

By David Storey Reuter .

CZESTOCHOWA, Poland -The clear tenor voice of the white-robed Pauline monk echoed among the carved cherubs and tilt decoration of the Baroque Church as all eyes in the congregation fixed on the dark face

above the altar. The Black Madonna Icon, Poland's spiritual focus, was uncovered for one of a series of special masses to mark the annual pilgrimage to her home, the Jasna Gora Monastery, which is celebrating its 600th anniversary this month.

As the mass ended a recorded fanfare cut through the church. A little girl in a bright white dress closed a well-worn prayers book and rose from her knees, joining jostling old women and smartly-dressed young men, to peer down the aisle and watch a

screen descend over the icon until the next mass.

into the mists of unwritten history - according to legend it was painted by Saint Luke on wood from the kitchen table of Mary, mother of Jesus, who himself used his carpenter's skills to fashion the

Its present role is that of religious symbol for the Polish peo-ple, staunchly Catholic and devoted to the Marian cult. "The voice of Poland is heard every day in this monastery. Let this voice be heard all over Poland," declares a monk in his sermon.

In a country where the concepts of the nation and the church are still inextricably linked, despite the aetheist principles of the Communist rulers, the Marian cult is a binding force of unity.

Most prominent feature The Black Madonna is the most

prominent feature of this cult. It was to this shrine that Karol Wojtyla, former archbishop of The icon's past stretches back

Krakow, came during his triumphal visit to his homeland in 1979, shortly after being elected the first Polish Pope. He was planning to return on

Aug. 26, for ceremonies marking the 600th anniversary of the founding of the monastery and the display here of the Black Madonna, but the trip was postponed because of martial law.

The icon, which is associated with great moments in Poland's troubled bistory as well as individual miracles, shows a serenefaced Madonna and child, and is darkened by age.

Its most obvious distinguishing.

mark is two slashes down the right Ages. cheek of Mary made by Protestant Czechoslovak noblemen who raided the monastery in 1430.

The picture on display above the altar is covered by a richly-

jewelled screen, and only the two nce. He brought it back to Cze- of the Black Madonna. faces and hands are visible during stochowa and presented it as a gift to Pauline monks at a monastery

"The voice of Poland is heard every day in Jasna Gora Monastery. Let this voice be heard all over Poland," declares a monk in his sermon.

According to the most widelyaccepted theory, the icon was given as a gift by the Byzantine court in Constantinople to a Russian nohleman in the Middle

Gift-to Pauline monks

He took it back to Russia where n was taken in booty by Prince Ladislaus of Opole, a Polish prihe founded at Jasna Gora, a hill overlooking Czestochowa near the Warta River, in 1382.

The monastry bas a chequered history. In the mid 1600s it was the last piece of Polish territory to resist an invasion by the Swedes.

Despite a protracted siege, the Swedes never succeeded in breaching the stout walls, a miracle ascribed to the protecting powers The icon was crowned sym-

bolically as queen of Poland by king Jan Casimir in 1656, in the

year after the siege.
The popularly-believed legend that the image now on display is an original by Saint Luke has been disproved by scientific researches

Although there is still some dispute in scientific circles, it it generally accepted that the original image was so badly damaged by the attack in 1430 that only the board now survives.

By order of King Wladyslaw Jagiello in Krakow, then the Polish capital, a canvas was placed over the former wax base of the paint and a copy of the original made on that.

Prof. Rufolf Kozlokowski. who worked on renovation of the icon in the late 1940s, concluded that the original painting on wood dates from between the 6th and 9th centuries, although other researchers have dated it later.

In times of trouble the Pauline monks take every precaution to guard the national symbol in their

care. During the Nazi German occupation in World War II they bricked it up in a cellar of the monastery and replaced a copy over the altar.

Annual pilgrimage

Many of the tens of thousands of people who converged on Jasna Gora for the 271st annual pilgrimage this year had seen the icon before.

A copy of the icon is taken on journeys around Poland, making stops in private homes and Parish churches.

In the 1950s the Communist authorities, during a period of tense church-state relations, prevented the icon leaving Jasna Gora. Instead an empty frame was carried around and the people expressed their devotion with equal fervour.

Now many Poles express their opposition to martial law, and the suspension of the free trade union Solidarity, through the forum of the church and through prayers to

The priest at the Jasna Gora Church offers prayers that "the gates of the internment camps (where more than 600 Solidarity members are detained) be onened, that dockers, miners and other workers be united on the

600th anniversary of Jasna Gora." On a pillar of the monastery church is a metal plaque in the name of Solidarity and a quote from Polish poet Maria Konopnicka who wrote between the two world wars. It says: "Our strength lies not just in our numbers. We are also a bolt of lightning sent by God to destroy the tree whose bark is rotten.

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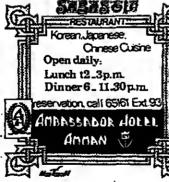
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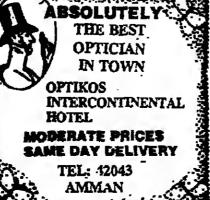




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Liverpool reclaims Charity Shield

LONDON (R) — Liverpool worked up a healthy appetite for the season ahead when they reclaimed possession of the Football Association (F.A.) Charity Shield with a 1-0 win over Tottenham at

Wembley Saturday. A 33-minute goal by Welsh striker Ian Rush was enough to give Liverpool the shield for the sixth time in nine years in the traditional pre-season meeting of the League Champioos and F.A. Cup

Liverpool, who also won the

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bition by Isam Badr.

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League Cup last season, are now in possession of three of English foothall's four trophies.

And judging by the way their players jealously eyed the F.A. Cup, which Tottenham had showed off at Wembley, Liverpool will not be cooteot until that, too, is in the Anfield trophy room.

The winning goal was typically simple. Phil Thompsoo, Liverpool's demolition expert in the heart of defence, turned architect with a surging run upfield and slid a slide rule pass into the path of

جالري عالية للفنون التشكيلية

Alia Art Gallery

The young Welshman, whose pace was a constant embarrassmeot to the Tottenham def-

ence, accelerated past the ponderous John Lacy, rounded goa-keeper Ray Clemeoce and tucked the ball oeatly into the corner of

Injury-bit Tottenham, also without Argentine Osvaldo Ardiles who has decided to speod a year in the French first divisioo until the memory of the Falklands conflict fades, fought back bravely after

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the interval.

Little Mike Hazard twice forced Liverpool's Zimbabwean goa-Ikeeper Bruce Grobbelaar into breathtaking saves and oew sig-ning Gerry Mabbutt, filling Ardiles' role, almost crowned his debut with a goal. Grobbelaar did well to turn his hlistering volley

Sadly, two events coovinced everyooe that football is back-for better or worse.

over the bar.

The Charity Shield trophy promoted little goodwill among the players and the new season was only 10 minutes old when Liverpool captain Graeme Souness sparked off an unsavory brawl when he appeared to aim a kick at Glenn Hoddle.

For reasons best known to bimself Garth Crooks rusbed to join the fray, aimed a butt at Soucess and almost came to blows with Kenny Dalglish.

Crooks should have been ordered off and the Liverpool pair cautioned but referee Neville Ashley, at his most charitable throughout, let all three escape with a

The Londoo police were in a less generous mood when they moved quickly onto the terraces to break up a fight between rival supporters.

McEnroe joins Connors, Lendl in semi-finals

MASON, Obio (R) - Defending champion John McEnroe defeated unseeded Guy Forget of France 7-6, 7-5, 6-2 to join Jimmy Connors and Ivan Lendl of Czechoslovakia in the semi-finals of the \$300,000 Association of Tennis Professionals (ATP) Cha-

Comors, the second seed, beat 15th-seeded Brian Gottfried 6-2, 6-4 and third-seeded Lendi went through when fifth-seeded Gene Mayer defaulted with a leg injury.

Steve Denton of the United States upact fourth-seeded Vitas Gerclaitis 6-4, 6-4.

In the semi-final matches topseeded McEnroe will play Denton and Comors faces Lendl.

On Friday night McEnroe, 23 was on court until just before mid-

Coe confirms his fitness by winning 800m at Crystal Palace

LONDON (R) - Britain's Olympic 1500 metres champioo Sebastian Coe confirmed his full recovery from a worrying leg injury Friday oight when he won the 800 metres at an international athletics meeting at Crystal Palace.

Coe's time of one minute 45.85 seconds was more than four secoods outside his own world record and was also slower than his winning time at a meeting in Zurich oo Wednesday.

But the freedom of his running and the ease of his victory over compatriot Garry Cook showed that his two-mooth absence from the track because of a stress fracture does not appear to bave affected his form.

Irooically. Coe's chief rival compatriot Steve Overt was oot able to run Friday eight because of a torn hamstring. Ovett has left reroft and Steve Cram, were also himself five days to decide whether he will defend his European 1500 metres title in Athens next month.

Coe's immediate response to Ovett's injury was to say be was not interested in trying for the double of 800 and 1500 metres in Athens. But Friday night he indicated he could change his mind.
"I will definitely consider doubling now". Coe told reporters. "It has come at short notice and I

Coe will again be competing over 800 metres in Cologne that

will have to see how I do on Sun-

Britain's two other top middle distance runners, world 5,000

reroft recorded his seventh personal best of the season to beat Kenya's Peter Koech with a time of 8:16.75.

io impressive form Friday night.

beat Ovett's world best time of

8:13.51 for the two miles, Moo-

Although he failed in his bid to

Cram demolished the 1,000 metre field, cruising to victory in 2:17.99 ahead of Scotland's Graham Williamson with American Steve Scott, the world's fastest man over 1.500 metres and the mile this year, back in third place.

New Zealand's John Walker took advantage of Ovett's absence to win the mile in 3:55.69 from :Poland's Miroslav Zerkowski and Kenyan Wilsoo Waigwa.

Polish soccer chief withdraws resignation

WARSAW (R) — Polish soccer chief Antoni Piechniczek, who led the national team to third place in the World Cup finals in Spain last month, has withdrawn his resignation submitted four days ago. the official PAP news agency reported Friday.

No reason was given when Piechniczek, who was guided the national squad since January last year, offered his resignation, but PAP said he would stay on to ensure continuity and because he did not want to disappoint the public.

Poland's next internationals are against France in Paris on August 31, Finland in Helsinki on Sep-tember 8 and Portugal in Lisbon ion October 10.

Ang of Singapore outpaces Gaines in 50-m freestyle

INDIANAPOLIS, Indiana (R) - Nadadores 400-metre freestyle Pen Siong Ang of Singapore outpaced Rowdy Gaines to take the men's 50-metre freestyle title in 22.69 seconds at the U.S. Long Course Swimming Championships here Friday.

It was the second oational title for Ang, a studeot at the University of Houstoo.

Dara Torres claimed her secood national title with a time of 26.13 seconds in the women's 50-metre freestyle. The 15-year-old Californian is the second fastest swimmer in the history of this event.

Tracy Caulkins woo the women's 200-metre individual medley in 2:15.66, her third championship performance of the meeting. The 19-year-old swimmer now has a record 42 U.S. titles to her credit.

The Missioo Viejo, California,

relay team broke the American club record with a time of three minutes 21.89 secoods.

Rich Saeger, Bill Barrett, Stuart MacDooald and Robin Leamy beat the record of 3:21.93 set by the Florida acquatics in 1980. Tiffany Cobeo edged U.S. rec-

ord holder Kim Lineban for the

women's 400-metre freestyle with a time of 4:11.61. Bruce Hayes, 19, won the meo's 400-metre freestyle with a time of

3.54.80 The Mission Viejo Nadadores took their fourth relay win of the champiooship with a 3:49.36 win in the women's 400-metre freestyle relay. The team was Sue Habernigg, Cynthia Woodhead, Julie Williams and Marybeth Lin-

zmeier. Norman leads the field at York

YORK, England (R) - Australian Greg Norman returned his second three-under-par 69 in three rounds to take a one-shot lead with one round to go in the York International Golf Championship at Fulford Saturday.

Rain for the third successive day again made things tough for the golfers hut Norman still contrived an excellent round which he said could have been five shots better but for his putting.

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Hinault's participation in world cycling in doubt

PARIS (R) - A dramatic turn of would be reviewed. But a later staevents has again thrown into doubt Freoch star Bernard Hinault's participation in the World Cycling Championships in Britain next week.

Hinault, the undisputed king of French cycling and four-times winner of the Tour de France, retired hurt after a fall during Friday's secood stage of the Limoges cycle race.

His doctor said he was suffering. from a sprained ankle, a torn ligament and was also badly bruised.

Hinault, and four other leading Freoch cyclists-Bernard Vallet. Jean Rece Bernadeau, Regis Clere and Pierre le Bigault-had earlier threateoed to pull out of the World Championships after being fined for refusing to take a dope test last mooth.

They reversed their decision after a spokesman for the French Cycling Federation said the cases tement by the federatioo's president indicated that the fines may A spokesman for the Union of

Professional Cyclists had said that in the light of the federation's decision to review the case the riders would compete. But Federation president Ger-

main Simon said in a statement Friday night that after consultations with members of the sport's medical commission be was against re-opening the case while the cyclists were threatening not to ride in Britain.

Simon repeated an appeal to the riders to represent France in the World Championships without laying down conditions.

The five were fined 3,300 france (\$485) and given a month's suspended ban after failing to take. routine dope tests after an event at. Callac, Britanny, on July 27.

Sheene determined to race again

NORTHAMPTON, England (R) — Millionaire motor cycle ace Barry Sheene left bospital here Saturday determined to race again—and to sue the Silverstone racing circuit where he narrowly escaped death in a crash last month.

His 500 cc Yamaha was in a 260 kph three-bike pile-up there on . July 28. Sheene broke both legs and an arm and now has five metal.

plates and 27 screws in his body. As he was pushed to a waiting helicopter the 32-year-old former world champion told reporters: "I will be back oo a bike before the

eod of the year." Sheene said the accident, during practice for the British Grand

Prix, was "totally the fault of the Silverstone circuit."

"They did not have enough marshals and they were running all classes of bikes at once."

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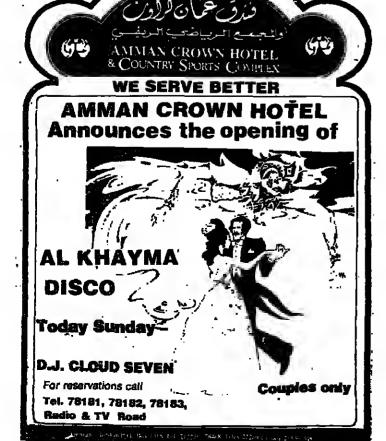
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Classes will be in the afternoons and evenings, with classes for ladies in the mornings. Testing and registration will take place from Aug. 23 - Aug. 28 at the following times:

Testing 9.00 - 11.00 a.m. Registration 9.00 a.m. - 12.00 noon 3.30 - 5.30 p.m.

British Council Rainbow Street, off First Circle Tei. 36147/8

A fee of JD 0.500 will be charged for testing.

3.00 - 5.00 p.m.

OPEC warns oil speculators

VIENNA (R) - Key Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) ministers have reaffirmed the oil cartel's price and production policy, despite a world oil glut.

After a one-day meeting of the organisation's market monitoring committee, United Arab Emirates (UAE) Oil Minister Mana Said Al Oteiba said Friday night OPEC was determined to defend its price structure based on \$34 a barrel and its output ceiling of 17.5 million barrels per day (b/d) set in March.

Recently, however, the oil glut bas pushed production by OPEC to below 17 million b/d.

The oil ministers of the UAE, Algeria, Indonesia and Venezuela. who form the monitoring committee, will meet again on Sept. 20 in Abu Dhabi, Dr. Oteiba said.

He warned oil companies against speculating on further falls in the price of oil by delay in lifting crude oil from OPEC, and pleaded with OPEC members producing more than their quotas to show restraint. But, in light of the current production level, Dr. Otelba said demand for OPEC crude in the fourth quarter of this year might be below the 21 million b/d rate that OPEC had forecast earlier. Dr. Oteiba said a full ministerial conference of all 13 OPEC

members was unlikely before the Abu Dhabi meeting. But be said the Abu Dhabi session would be followed by "political steps" which be refused to specify.

Friday's meeting opened the way to changes in OPEC's official prices, while leaving the \$34 benchmark untouched.

The committee decided to form a group of experts who would examine the question of differentials - the system which ties the prices of the various crude oils sold by OPEC members to the benchmark price.

The experts will meet in Vienna, where OPEC has its secretariat. on Aug. 29 and report their conclusions at Abu Dhabi, Dr. Oteiba

Reagan remains firm on technology ban WASHINGTON (R) - Secretary of State George Shultz said Friday President Reagan remained firm in his ban on the use of American technology for a planned natural gas pipeline from Soviet Siberia to Western Europe.

The sanctions were imposed in retaliation for what Mr. Reagan termed the Soviet role in the Polish military crackdown, although the Reagan administration also opposes the pipeline project itself,

Mr. Shultz, asked at a State Department news conference about the issue which has severely strained U.S.-West European relations, replied that the president's position was firm.

"We don't see that anything that has happened in Poland recently meets the conditions that have been set out, not only by ourselves but by our allies," Mr. Shultz said. And so there is no intention to change but rather to push ahead

with the sanctions as they have been put in place," he added. Mr. Shultz also said he had no plans at present to travel abroad, although he said he thought he would attend a NATO foreign ministers' meeting in Brussels in December.

7,500 B.L. workers get 2-week holiday

LONDON (R) - British-Levland, the state-owned carmaking firm, is giving 7,500 of its workers an extra two weeks' holiday and trimming production because of a fall in

A B.L. spokesman said Friday night the aim was to cut the production of Metros by 8,000 and of Minis by 2,000.

Industry sources said B.L.'a decision underlined the severity of the recession in the British car market.

According to B.L., the market for small cars has shrunk from 300,000 last year to an anticipated 275,000 this year.

over the 12-month period starting

Reagan's offer of a one-year ext-

ension of a grain agreement bet-

ween the two countries, the U.S.

On July 30, Mr. Reagan ann-

ounced the offer of the one-year

extension of a current six-year

pact that would have expired at

Union ends speculation within the

that Moscow might reject the offer

m an attempt to get revenge over

the U.S. grain embargo imposed

Under the extension, the Uni-

ted States would guarantee shi-

pment of six to eight million ton-

nes of American grain to Moscow

ounced Friday.

embassy in Moscow.

the end of September.

in January of 1980.

WASHINGTON (R) - The Sov- Secretary John Block said be iet Union has accepted President would contact Moscow immediately about setting a date for consultations on selling the Soviet Union even more grain.

Kremlin accepts Reagan's grain offer

Agriculture Department ann-In a speech to financially troubled American farmers early this month, Mr. Reagan promised that the United States would offer The department said the Soviet Union's agreement to buy Ameican grain for another year from Moscow large amounts of add-Oct. 1 was delivered to the U.S.

in the agreement. "This extension will allow American farmers to continue rehuilding this important market, which was thrown away to our competitors during the embargo," The acceptance by the Soviet

Mr. Block said. In April last year, Mr. Reagan grain trade and the administration ended the grain embargo, imposed by President Jimmy Carter after Moscow's military move into Afghanistan, saying that it imfairly hurt American farmers.

> Mr. Block said Friday: "The willingness of the Soviet Union to accept this extension is proof that they believe the president's (Mr. Reagan's) pledge that the United

But a Soviet official said earlier this week at a meeting of American soyabean industry officials in California that the embargo hurt the U.S. reputation as a reliable

Boris Antoniuk, the project manager of the U.S.-U.S.S.R. Trade and Economic Council in itional grain beyond the levels set New York, said Moscow would only buy from America as a last resort when supplies are mavailable from other nations.

> He said that a new long-term deal would have been better than a simple extension.

Mr. Reagan's decision to offer an extension capped a bitter battle within the administration over grain sales policy to the Soviet Union.

Some conservatives, led by Defence Secretary Caspar Weinberger, wanted the agreement to lapse in an attempt to put economic pressure on the Soviet Union. But Mr. Block and other Reagan agricultural advisers wanted a new agreement.

In a statement, U.S. Agriculture States will again be a reliable sup-International banks decide to save Mexico from liquidity crisis

NEW YORK (R) — A decision by hough they did not play down the international banks to let Mexico delay repayment of \$10 billion of debt and proposals for dealing with its financial problems provide a reasonable basis for solving the country's liquidity crisis, bankers said Saturday.

Their assessment came after representatives of 115 banks agreed Friday to roll over some \$10 billion of public sector debt payments falling due in the next 90

At the meeting, Mexican officials, led by Finance Minister Jesus Silva Herzog, detailed plans to raise a total of some \$10 hillion of new money, including a syndicated bank loan of up to one billion dollars.

After the agreement was anncautiously optimistic mood, alt-

Jose Arosemena told Reuters.

problems Mexico faces.

"We have a positive feeling following the meeting, provided that the Mexican government is able to enact and carry through an IMFtype (International Monetary Fund) of programme," a spokesman for the Bankers Trust

"Mexico has a good management team in place, and we believe the desire and political strength are there to enact such a programme."

Officials of other major creditor hanks expressed similar sentiments. They said a statement issued by Mexico after the meeting was a fair representation of the situation.

Some said they were impressed ounced, the hankers displayed a by the speed with which Mexico acted to counter its liquidity crisis,

which came to a head when the government suspended foreign exchange transactions in Mexico on Aug. 13.

Mexico, with a total foreign debt of about \$80 billion, some 60 billion of it estimated to be owed by the public sector, has been severely hit by diminishing oil revenues and falling world prices for some of its major exports like coffee, silver and copper.

Speculation against the Mexican peso has contributed to a sharp decline in the currency's value, from 27 pesos to the dollar last January to more than 100 on Thursday, It closed at around 90 to the dollar Friday.

Financial sources in New York said a number of large banks Friday expressed willingness to participate in the new bank credit. Bankers said much of Friday's he said.

meeting was spent discussing details of the roll over of deht pay-Although the roll over applies

only to public sector debt, bankers asked for greater clarification from Mexico of which loans were regarded as owed by the public and private sectors. Mexican government spo-

kesman Rafael Resendiz told reporters the agreement to delay debt repayment would cover shortterm and medium-term debt falling due within the next 90 days.

He said the international bankers, from the United States, Canada, Japan and Europe, agreed to establish an advisory group to study the possibility of new loans of up to one billion dollars.

We got a positive reaction about the additional financing,"

results. Give good religious training so that efforts are channeled in the right direction.

Panama's first oil pipeline to start pumping in September

By Colin McSeveny

PANAMA CITY .- The first oil pipeline between Panama's Pacific and Atlantic ports will start pumping next month, giving this tiny Central American country still greater strategic and commercial importance.

Modern supertankers, the cheapest method of shipping this vital commodity, cannot fit into the 70-yar-old canal.

Thus ships taking oil from the huge Alaskan fields to be refined

Unscramble these four Jumbles

one letter to each square, to form four ordinary words.

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THE BETTER HALF,

faced the choice of going round South America or relaying their cargo to much smaller ships which cans queeze through the water-

run by Petroterminal de Panama S.A., a Panamanian-American concern which did not take long to explore the possibilities of huilding a pipeline across this narrow country.

"We are simply using the main natural resource available to us -our strategic position," Petin Houston or New Orleans bave roterminal's General Manager

going to buy anything.) just want to

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Justibles: CHEEK HASTY BYWORD SICKEN Answer: Call your broker, and you usually get this-A "STOCK" ANSWER

(Answers tomorrow)

lecture the young lady on the hazards af smoking!"

JUMBLE THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME
by Henri Arnold and Bob Lee

By Vinson

From his office overlooking the canal entrance, Mr. Arosemena pointed to the lumbering queue of ' cargo ships and tankers to show how much time and mnney was Most choose the latter system, wasted by the often lengthy delay

in entering the waterway. pipeline should be pumping about 800,000 barrels n day from the Alaskan tankers to the newly built Atlantic port of Chirqui Grande." he said.

The canal took more than 10 years to build, but the 130 kilometres pipeline built by Morrison Kaudsen of the United States has almost been completed in less than 18 months.

The one metre diameter pipeline snakes its way through the sparsely populated palins and rain forests of Western Panama and Mr. Arosemena said the com-

pany had done as much as possible an eight per cent increase, though to avoid environmental disturbance, burying the whole consideration. pipeline deep underground.

The \$300 million project, which is expected to provide about 1.000 jobs directly or indirectly, was financed by 27 foreign hanks and "By the end of the year the Petroterminal hopes to repay the money in three years.

"After that we estimate annual tax revenue to government of about \$120 million with the company profiting by a similar amount" he said.

Mr. Arosemena also said that each tonne of oil pumped would carry a levy equivalent to that paid by the canal to the government which, not surprisingly, is concerned at the prospect of losing around 10 per cent of its income.

A canal spokesman told Reuters the canal could lose up to \$40 million a year in passage fees and

recently postponed, is still under But in the long run the Panama,

nian government cannot really

lose as it will take over the canal completely at the turn of the century and will soon be able to buy an overwhelming interest in Petroterminal. The government currently owns

40 per cent of the company, and after the pipeline debt is repaid it will be able to huy 15 per cent of the U.S.-held shares each year.

"In the end Panama as a whole will benefit from our enterprise," said Mr. Arosemena, adding that many husinessmen in this international financial centre had shied away from the venture because of worries that the United States and Canada would huild a trans-Alaska pipeline first.

"This has yet to come about and

even if it does we can still compete," he said, though without giving details.

But he did reveal that with a small investment the pipeline could be adjusted to flow the opposite way, taking oil for example from Venezuela to the Pacific coast for shipment to energyhungry Japan.

Financial and trade analysts said the investment in the pipeline demonstrated widespread confidence in the country's prospects and its continued strategic impor-

"Panama's general political stability in a region of violent upheavel, plus of course the presence of the American military bases, seems certain to ensure that it will play an important role in the West's future defence and commerce network," one diplomat

Peanuts

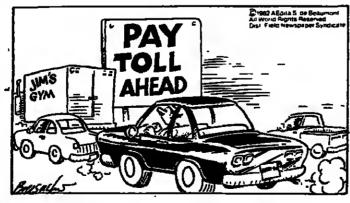








Mutt 'n' Jeff





Andy Capp





FORECAST FOR SUNDAY, AUG. 22, 1982

YOUR DAILY from the Carroll Righter Institute

GENERAL TENDENCIES: It's necessary for you to employ considerable self-control today if you are to avoid arguments. Be on the alert to maintain poise if adverse conditions suddenly come up.

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) You have to exercise tact with outsiders to gain your aims today. Visit long-time friends and enjoy the get-together. TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) Don't spend too much

money for enjoyment today or you could regret it later. Strive for increased happiness. GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) Instead of causing trou-

ble at home because you are in a bad mood, try to show more affection. Eliminate any tensions. MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to July 21) Try to be more

enterprising and independent instead of relying so much on the help of friends. Be wise. LEO (July 22 to Sept. 22) Make plans to save more

money for the future. Look into a new interest that could add to present income. Be logical.

VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) Show greater concern for your friends and gain more respect. Take the right treatments that will improve your health.

LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) Concentrating on how to live more in accord with your philosophy is wise now. Make sure you assist those in need. SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) Come to the aid of a

friend who is having a difficult time now. It is best to avoid the social tonight. SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) Don't be so blunt

with others now and avoid trouble. Sidestep an opponent who is looking for an argument. CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) Study new interests

carefully and make sure you avoid the pitfalls through careful analysis. Ba more agreeable. AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Fab. 19) Use your best judg-

ment instead of trusting your bunches today, which are likely to be erroneous. Be more patient. PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) Being more considerate of friends is important now instead of expecting too much

from them. Don't neglect correspondence. IF YOUR CHILD IS BORN TODAY . . . he or she will have much ability at investigating and solving problems, so direct education along troubleshooting lines for best

"The Stars impel, they do not compel." What you make of your life is largely up to youl

THE Daily Crossword by Susan Mindell



65 Arena

DOWN

1 Full of

2 Rickey

18 News 41 Pert of a windmill agency for 7D 42 Laconic 19 Sudden rush 20 Extricate 43 Convened 44 Withered 45 Used a oneself 23 Acrobat's safeguare 24 Clumsy vessel

46 In favor of 47 Silkworm 48 Completely Conditional

Yesterday'a Puzzle Solved:

Ingredient
3 Long cut 45 Barservings Construct 5 Kind of Lunar-solar sofa 6 Cunning period 7 Georgia Pellon's 8 Mexican (undecided) 50 Chinese money 9 Guarantee

36 Masticata

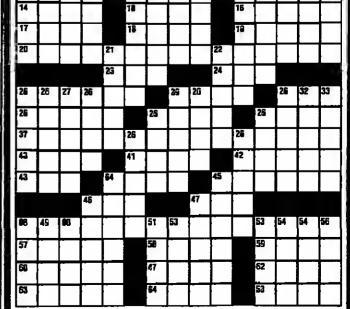
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39 One who car

10 Courage 11 Unylelding society 12 Brink davice 13 Nostradamus 52 Kazan of was one 21 Not yet rented 53 Mexican goodie USSR 22 Bea Arthur 54 river 55 Rebei 25 Buckets



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Spadolini

forms new

ROME (R) - A two-week Italian

government crisis appeared to be

over Saturday as Prime

Minister-Designate Giovanni Spadolini said he would form a

five-party coalition pledged to

economic restraint and ins-

problem of bad blood between the

dominant Christian Democrats

and Socialists in the coalition, the

docks in space

MOSCOW (R) - Soviet woman

cosmonaut Svetlana Savitskaya

began her first full day on board

the Salyut space station Saturday

after being greeted with flowers from the craft's resident crew and

"We've got an apron ready for

you, Sveta," said Salyut flight eng-

incer Valentin Lebedev in tel-

evised film from the Salyut after

first?" Miss Savitskaya replied.

"Oh yes? But will you feed us

Miss Savitskaya, 34, Moscow's

first woman cosmonaut in 19

years, went aboard the Salyut sta-

tion ahead of her male flight com-

panions. Commander Leonid

Popov and engineer Alexander

Serebrov, after the docking of

Lebedev and Lt.-Col. Anatoly

Berezovoy greeted her with kisses

a few jokes about her role.

Friday night's docking.

their Soyuz T-7 craft.

coalition

government.

sources said.

Soyuz T-7

WORLD

China accuses U.S. of distorting joint statements

PEKING (R) — China has accused U.S. officials of trying to disass having to be premised by peatort the terms of this week's joint Sino-American policy statement

The New China News Agency (NCNA) sharply criticised remarks by Reagan administration Aides that Washington's intention to limit and gradually reduce the U.S. arms flow to Taiwan depended on a Chinese commitment to seek peaceful reunification with the Nationalist-ruled island.

It took issue in particular with Assistant Secretary of State John Holdridge, who was reported as saying that "any adjustments in our arms sales to Taiwan had to be premised on a continuation of China's peaceful policy (towards Taiwan)".

NCNA said U.S. arms sales to Taiwan and China's efforts for peaceful resolution of the Taiwan issue were "two separate questions of an entirely different nat-

ANKARA (R) — Turkish Foreign Minister Ilter Turkmen Sat-

urday told the Greek Cypriot gov-

ernment not to give sanctuary to

Armenian guerrillas if they quit

In an interview in the daily new-

spaper Milliyet, Mr. Turkmen said

that following the evacuation of

Palestine Liberation Organisation

(PLO) fighters from the Lebanese-

capital, it was possible that the

Armenian Secret Army for the

Liberation of Armenia (ASALA) would also abandon its hea-

ASALA, the most prominent of

their base in Beirut.

dquarters there.

as having to be premised by peaceful resolution of the Taiwan issue will be a continued, premeditated interference in China's internal affairs," it added.

Diplomatic sources in Peking said the vague wording of the policy statement, issued after 10 months of negotiation, meant that it could mean whatever each side wanted it to mean.

In it, the Chinese government makes no pledge not to use force against Taiwan but reiterates its fundamental policy of striving for peaceful reunification of the motherland"

For its part, the United States says it does not seek to carry out a long-term policy of arms sales to Taiwan, that its arms sales to Taiwan will not exceed the level of those supplied in any year since diplomatic ties with Peking were established in 1979 and that it intends gradually to reduce its arms sale to Taiwan, leading over a per-"Any misinterpretation of a jod of time to a "final resolution".

A Chinese foreign ministry statement interpreted this as meaning that U.S. arms sales to Taiwan must be completely terminated over a period of time.

In Washington, meanwhile, Mr. Holdridge said China had lost out on its demand that a date be set for cut-off of weapons shipments and that it would have no veto over future sales.

He added that the administration would even reconsider its refusal to sell advanced F-16 jets to Taipei if China broke its 'promise" not to use force against

the Nationalists. Within days of the joint sta-tement, the U.S. administration notified Congress that it intended to go ahead with the sale of 60 F-5e and F-5f fighter planes to Taipei, which had been held up while the talks continued between Washington and Peking.

The speed with which President Reagan acted brought sharp cri-ticism from the official Chinese News Agency, which said the Chinese people were "closely watching developments".

The agency noted that, in pre-senting the aircraft deal for congressional approval, the U.S. defence department linked the sale to the 1979 Taiwan relations act. which Peking considers an interference in its loternal affairs.

The act obliges Washington to provide the Nationalists with offensive arms. Diplomats here felt from the start that the latest Sino-U.S. statement served both sides' tactical ends but merely postponed a solution to the arms sales

"I thought on first reading it that nothing had really changed. and this bears me out." one said

emergency in Lima

LIMA (R) - A state of emergency has been imposed in the Peruvian capital for the first time since the restoration of democracy two years ago and police are hunting extremists responsible for a night of violence.

which nine people died and more

However, the measure stopped short of intervention by the armed forces and Prime Minister Manuel Ulloa said democracy was not in

"The Democratic System is stronger than ever and the government and the security forces have the full backing of the peo-

Dr. Ulloa declined to say who was responsible for Thursday night's incidents but police spokesmen said they suspected a small Maoist group called Sendero

dies in Portugal

LISBON (R) — George David

Woods, a former president of the

World Bank, has died at his home

near Lisbon at the age of 81, his

who was born in Boston and wor-

ked his way up from office boy in

New York to become a leading

world financial figure, had suf-

fered from cancer for the past four

Portugal since 1965, where they spent every summer. Mrs. Woods

said her husband, who was pre-

sident of the World Bank from

1963 to 1968, would be buried in the United States but had req-

uested "no funeral or memorial

Mr. Woods was one of the chief

During the 1950s, be undertook

assignments for the World Bank

as unpaid consultant and tro-

builders of the First Boston Cor-

poration and rose to become cha-

irman of the board in 1951.

The Woods have kept a bouse in

Mrs. Woods said her husband.

wife said Saturday.

World Bank ex-president

Three people, including a sus-

Damage was unofficially estimated at four million dollars.

and a bunch of flowers which they ape from a detention centre. Police detained several groups of suspects and at least 17 people were still being held Friday night.

In 1956, after Egypt seized the

Suez Canal, he acted on behalf of

the World Bank as one of the two

mediators who settled the dispute

over the amount of compensation

to be paid by Egypt to the sto-

ckholders of the Universal Suez

the Indus Basin development agr-

eement between India and Pak-

istan, concerning the construction

of storage dams to be financed by

Under Mr. Wood'a presidency.

the World Bank started to turn its

attention from "hard" loans for

infrastructure projects in dev-

eloping countries, to "soft" loans

and was a financial backer of sev-

board of the Barnum and Bailey

He was interested in the theatre

For several years he was on the

Mr. Woods married Louise

Tarakson in 1935. The couple bave no children.

for agriculture and education.

eral broadway productions.

In 1960 he helped to implement

Canal Company.

the World Bank.

Circus.

said they had grown on the Salyut during more than three months in The new arrivals, who will spend a week in space, were given the traditional Russian greeting

Miss Savitskaya, a top parachutist and aerobatics pilot, has been portrayed in the Soviet press as a model for Soviet womanhood, combining femininity with a pra-

French troops take over posts in Beirut

BEIRUT (R) - "I've come to and ammunition. take over this building," said Col. Jean-Claude Coulon, a dapper French legionnaire in a hlack Kepi with gold braid.

"Welcome, welcome, no sooner said than done," said Col. Mohammad Najib Al-Zahran of a Palestine Liberation Army (PLA)

Friday night Mr. Spadolini, who The building in question was a belongs to the Republican Party vellow eight-storey block ovesaid two weeks of talks had prorlooking Beirut port, where 350 duced a clear basis for returning a French soldiers arrived this morcentre-left coalition to power as Italy's 42nd post-world war two ning as the vanguard of a multinational force supervising the evacuation of some 15,000 Pal-He is expected to present a draft estinian and Syrian fighters. cabinet list to President Sandro

Known as the Fattal building, it Pertini early next week and, baronce housed the offices of shiring disputes over the distribution pping, insurance and customs cleof portfolios, the new cabinet arance firms. It is now gutted by could be swom in as early as next years of war and shells have bla-Tuesday, political sources said. sted away whole walls. As the Mr. Spadolini's breakthrough PLA's forward position against its which he announced after a mee-Falangist and Israeli enemies, the ting with the leaders of the five block is well defended with sanparties, still left unresolved the dbags and well stocked with food

Half an hour later the ceremony began. Sixteen unshaven PLA men in steel helmets paraded outside a bunker to the side of the building and started to run on the

spot, chanting a military refrain. The French paratroopers in green berets performed a similar ritual, presenting arms and shouting the name of their regiment

In the dust behind the PLA men, Col. Yves Lebeque of the French army sat sipping Turkish coffee and chatting to Col. Zah-

The documents signed and exchanged, the PLA men trotted up the road to new positions in the old commercial heart of the city, since the civil war of 1975-6 a ghostland inhabited only by sni-

The French moved in, closely followed by Lebanese army soldiers who planted their flag in the roof of the bunker.

Turkey warns Cyprus not to admit ASALA

acks on Turkish targets during the past decade. The latest and most dramatic was an assault on Ankara airport by two gunmen two weeks ago in

than 70 were injured. "If an ASALA headquarters is permitted to operate on the Greek Cypriot side of (Cyprus), this will be the gravest error of the Greek Cypriot administration," Mr. Turkmen said.

Armenian Nationalists say 1.5 million of their people were mas-sacred in eastern Turkey during several Armenian guerrilla gro-ups, has launched a series of att-World War I, a charge denied by successive Turkish governments.

Chinese arrest 2 officials for attempting to leak secrets

arrested for attempting to leak important state secrets to a Hong Kong businessman, the Peking Daily reported Saturday.

It said they faced jail sentences of up to seven years under Chinese law, which makes little distinction between an accomplished and an attempted crime.

The report said Zhang Wunan, an official in a government-run tool company, passed a batch of confidential documents on Chinese foreign trade to an accomplice, Wang Jichuan, an official in the Shuguang Radio factory in

Wang planned to hand them to an unnamed Hong Kong businessman in Canton hut was arrested as he was about to leave Peking airport, it said.

It said the case was cracked by police with the help of "the dep-

PEKING (R) - Two Chinese artments concerned' - the only als have been way the Chinese Press ever refers

to its secret services.

The paper said in a front-page commentary that, as in war when leaking secrets could bring defeat, similar action during "socialist construction" could cause great losses to the state. "In the past few years, China

has implemented an open-door policy towards foreign countries. but this does not mean that we have opened the door to leaking state secrets," it said. China has Draconian secrets

legislation which makes it a potential offence to reveal virtually anything that has not already been printed in the state-run new-

Sometimes even information chalked up on blackboards in relatively public places is regarded as

Peru imposes state of

President Fernando Belaunde Terry's government announced the suspension of constitutional guarantees Friday for at least 60 days after alleged left-wing saboteurs blacked out the city and attacked shops and official bui-

ple," he told reporters.

Luminoso (Shining Path).

A state of emergency has been in force for more than a month in the south eastern mountain region of Ayacucho where the group has

On Thursday night, four power pylons were blown up on the outskirts of Lima, cutting all electricity to the city of five million inhabitants and the nearby port of

In what police described as perfectly coordinated attacks, extremists set two shops on fire and hurled sticks of dynamite at the city law courts and government ministries.

pected extremist, suffered burns. The blackout caused chaos to traffic, panic in cinemas and restaurants and looting in two mar-

More than 100 youths took advantage of the confusion to esc-

offerings of bread and salt.

ctical outlook.

State Department releases PLO withdrawal schedule

WASHINGTON (R) - Following is the schedule released by the State Department for the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) withdrawal from west Beirut:

Aug: 21: Arrival and deployment in Beirut port area of about 350 French troops. Lebancse army takes up positions. First group of PLO commandos assembles for departure by sea and those destined for Jordan and Iraq move to waiting vessels. Aug. 22: Jordan and Iraq groups will have departed and Tunisia

group moves to port.

Aug: 23: Tunisia group departs and South Yemen group boards vessel for departure Aug. 23 or 24.

Aug. 24-25: North Yemen group departs.

Aug: 25: Initial groups of Syria-bound personnel depart overland on Beirut-Damascus highway. Aug. 26-28: Remaining multimational forces arrive and deploy. The United States and France are sending a total of 800 troops

each and Italy is sending 400.

Aug. 26-27-28: PLO groups continue to move by land or sea to

Aug. 29-30-31: Redeployment out of Beirut of the Syrian

Sept. 1-4: Completion of departure of all PLO and Palestine Liberation Army personnel bound for Syria. Sept. 2-3: Movement by sea of all PLO personnel destined for Sudan and Algeria.

Sept. 4-21: Multinational force assists Lebanese army "in arrangements, as may be agreed between the governments concerned, to ensure good and lasting security throughout the area of

Sept. 21-26: Departure of multinational force.

PLO forces lower their

BEIRUT - Maher and his brother Ali were among front-line Palestinian commandos who fought off repeated Israeli attempts to storm their neighbourhood in the battle for Beirut

They are passionately devoted to a Palestinian homeland they have never seen and are prepared to go on fighting and, if necessary,

But when commando forces

For the teenage brothers are second-generation refugees, born

ven from their homes by subsequent wars, they have documents issued by the Lebanese authorities giving them the right to remain here.

hdrawal begins, Maher and Ali will put away their Soviet assault rifles and go back to school -- until the guns are needed again. Their home was destroyed and

five of their relatives were killed in Israeli air raids but at 16 Ali is full of the excitement of his first battle and the intense national pride that flourishes in the slums of the Bourj Al- Brajneh refugee camp south of Beirut.

"It is wrong to say we have been defeated or weakened, because our belief in our revolution is very strong," be says. His brother, three years older, adds quietly: "We are always ready to fight."

young Palestinians returning from a patrol near the Israeli front line. One is carrying an anti-tank roc-ket launcher, the other an American M-16 rifle fitted with a tel-

"You see them," he said. "Come back in a few months and you will see them in a classroom. But

Also remaining after the evacuation will be Lebanese volunteers who, drawn by the ideal of Arab unity in the face of a common enemy, have been fighting alongside the Palestinians.

Khalil is a Lebanese university Lebanon civil was and against Isr-Lebanon in 1978.

mandos manning a position concealed in a lemon grove about 150 metres from the Israeli lines in the rubble of a Beirut suburb.

Palestine as Arab land, for Jerusalem as the holy place of all Muslims," be said. "But with the own country."

gun and stay at home. But always I will be ready to come out and fight the Israelis until the end."

Foreign volunteers

Under the lemon trees there are at least two more non-Palestinian volunteers who intend to remain in Lebanon. One is a mechanic from Tunisia, the other is Hassan, a movie cameraman from the south Iranian province of Khuzestan who filmed the first savage days of the Iran-Iraq war.

PLO officials estimate that about 2,000 volunteers arrived in Lebanon from overseas in the weeks Israel launched its invasion

They are vague about who will

leave Beirut under the terms of the peace plan, but hint that some of these volunteers will be among them. Others are expected to include regular soldiers from units of the Palestine Liberation Army (PLA) who were drafted in from bases in Syria and Egypt.

One of those who will be leaving is Zaid, a lieutenant in Fatah, the biggest of the commando groups. The eldest son of a farmer from Galilee who died in the ruins of a refugee camp during the Lebanese civil war, he also lost a brother in that conflict. He now faces the prospect of a prolonged sepearation from his wife and three children.

mitted to the PLO and angrily rejects any suggestion that it has suf-

"We don't consider this a defeat. No Arab army has stopped the Israelis for more than a few hours. Our commandos have halted them, with all their American planes and tanks, at the gates of Beirut for more rhan two months, we are leaving now to spare innocent lives. But our struggle goes

Despite the optimism of the fighters, there is no doubt that the Israeli offensive has dealt a major below to the PLO as a strong, organised military force in Lebanon.

But at the same time is clear that armed Palestinian resistance in Beirut, far from being crushed, is preparing to go underground and to await the day it can emerge to challenge Israel again.

declined to be identified - he

NEWS BRIEF

Astronaut recovers from mountain climbing accident

ANKARA (R) — U.S. astronaut James Irwin, who flew to the moon on the Apollo 15 spaceshot in 1971, was recovering in hospital Saturday from extensive bruising after falling on Mount Ararat, the Turkish Anatolian News Agency said, It said Mr. Irwin, 52, was admitted to a military hospital in Agri, eastern Turkey, Friday night after a fall some 3,800 metres up the 5.165-metre peak. Doctors at the hospital said he had extensive bruising and swelling and a sore back but no broken bones, the agency said. American officials in Ankara said they were still trying to get a telephone call through to the remote town and had no details of the accident. Mr. Irwin, who was the Lunar Module pilot on Apollo 15, set out to scale the icetopped mountain about two weeks ago in a group including eight

Habib nominated for Nobel Peace Prize

other Americans.

WASHINGTON (R) — Senate Foreign Relations Committee Chairman Charles Percy Friday nominated U.S. envoy Philip Habih for the Nobel Peace Prize for his efforts in arranging the withdrawal of Palestinian forces from west Beirut. "Seldom in the annals of history has one man demonstrated as much ingenuity, persistence and perseverance in resolving an intractable problem as ambassador Habib." Senator Percy said in a letter to the Nobel Institute. "Confronted with a situation involving many nations and many factions, he managed with immense skill to meet the needs of each nation and faction so that they could come to an agreement and end the fighting." Earlier Friday President Reagan sent a telegram of congratulations to Mr. Habib.

Mass murderer killed in Miami

MIAMI (R) - A killer shot eight people dead at a motor cycle garage Friday in Miami's worst mass murder. He died minutes after the shooting when pursuers m a car rammed his bicycle as he calmly pedalled away from the scene. Police said 51-year-old Carl Brown went to the garage armed with a shotgun to complain about the quality of a repair job. Brown, thought to have been a Russian immigrant, was said to have told one garageman: "They have bet-ter men in Russia." Witnesses reported that after the shooting. Brown got on his bike and rode off as though he were out for a Sun-

Ugandan prisoner :: gets \$2,300 as damages

KAMPALA (R) - A man imprisoned during the administration of Ugandan Dictator Idi Amin has been awarded 230,000 shillings (\$2,300) by the high court as damages for unlawful detention, the magazine Equator said Saturday. High court Judge S.T. Manyindo ordered the government to pay the sum to a textile board employee, Samuel Kaggua Dyekwaso, who was arrested in 1977 and freed when Amin fell from power in 1978, the magazine said. The ease is regarded here as a precedent as the former government detained thousands of people.

Kuala Lumpur amends social rules

KUALA LUMPUR (R) - Kuala Lumpur's authorities have issued an order saying that Muslim girls must no longer work in the city's licensed massage parlours. The ban followed criticism by Muslim organisations. Kuala Lumpur has only 15 licensed massage parlours. but there are hundreds of unofficial-establishments in private homes, small shops and hairdressing salons. Local authorities also said they were reviewing the question of massage facilities for residents in Kuala Lompur's both

GOREN BRIDGE

BY CHARLES H. GOREN

@1982 Tribune Company Syndicate, Inc. North-South vulnerable. West deals. NORTH

♥ A J 10654 ♦ AK2 **₽Q**5 EAST **♦ Q 10 7 6 ♦** Void ♥ Void ♥KQ872 **♦ 19654** O 873 **♣K109732 ♣J64** SOUTH **♦ KJ98432**

◆ A 5

V 93

O Q 10 AAB The bidding: West North East South 2 NT Dble Pass 3 + Pass 4 + Pass 4 ♡ Pass 5 ◊ Pass 5 4 Dbie Pass Pass Pass Opening lead: Tbree of ◊.

Dear Charlie:

At the risk of boring you, here's another hand from the NatWest Trophy event. It shows you what a fine player my partner, Paul Chemia, is. The auction undoubtedly needs an explanation, since it confused us as much as it will the reader. Weat's two no trump opening bid in theory shows five clubs and a fivecard major auit. I was sure that the suit had to be

spades, so 1 thought partner's spade bids were cue-hids - that is, until he bid the suit a third time. Who can blame West for doubling?

when dummy appeared Paul still couldn't be sure whether West had five hearts or wbether he had violated his system. Had he known, he could have won the queen of diamonds and run the nine of spades. As it was, he won the

queen of diamonds and, to the dismay of the large audience watching on Vu-Graph, he continued with a low apade to the ace. But the spectators bad not reckonad on my partner's skill.

two trump tricks for an absolute top.

West led a diamond, and

Paul cashed the ace-king of diamonds — Weat's third-best opening lead had been revealing-and discarded a heart from his hand. Next came the ace of bearts. West realized that, if he ruffed, he would be end played, so he discarded a club. But that was merely postponing the hour of reckoning. Declarer continued with a spade to the king and another spade. West could score his two trump tricks, but then he had to lead a club away from his king into Paul's combined A-Q tenace. Paul lost only the

service."

Indian hijacker is shot when he appears at the doorway NEW DELHI (R) - India's second plane hijacking in two weeks ended within a few hours Friday when the young Sikh who seized

the aircraft was shot dead at the northern city of Amritsar. The Indian Airlines Boeing 737 with 69 passengers and crew. taken over on a domestic flight between Bombay and New Delhi. was ordered to fly to Labore in Pakistan but landed across the border in Amritsar after being refused permission to put down in

> Pakistan. The Sikh, armed with a pistol and a hand grenade, was shot dead by police when he appeared at the doorway of the aircraft. The passengers and crew were safe.

The hijacker had earlier listed eight demands including the transfer of power in the northern state of Punjab from the ruling Congress (1) Party of Prime Minister Indira Gandhi to an opposition leader. The Punjab is problem in the state. home to most of India's 11 million He threatened to kill one pas-

senger every hour unless his dem-

but was killed before the deadline This was the third time an Ind-

ian Airliner had been hijacked by a Sikh in less than a year. The last time was on Aug. 4 when the hijacker surrendered. In September last year a group of Skihs commandeered a Boeing to Lahore to focus attention on

homeland for Sikhs in Punjab. Militant Sikh groups seeking greater autonomy for Punjab bave made their presence felt in the last two years, often with acts of vio-

their demand for an independent

Punjab Chief Minister Darbara Singh escaped a grenade attack in the state's Julkundur district Friday, but 30 people were hurt. It was not immediately known what political affiliations his attackers had, but the incident highlighted the growing law-and-order

Although worried by the developments in Punjab, the Indian government has avoided taking a hard line so far against Sikhs, who ands were met within six hours, have a martial tradition.

guns but do not surrender

By Gavin Bell

to die for their cause.

evacuate Beirut under the guns of the besieging Israeli army they will stay behind, along with hundreds and perhaps thousands of young men like them.

in Lebanon of parents who fled Palestine during the first Arab-Israeli war in 1948. Unlike many Palestinians dri-

When the commando wit-

Their commander points to two

their weapons will be at home." Lebanese volunteers

student who joined the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) as a teenager and fought against the Christian militia in the 1975-76 aeli invasion forces in southern

Today he is one of six com-"I joined the PLO to fight for

Israelis in Lebanon now 1 fight twice -- for Palestine and for my "For the future t will keep my

on June 6.

But he remains firmly comfered a severe setback.

One young PLO official who

hopes to remain in Lebanon -said: "I joined the movement in 1968. I was just a kid then. We used to smuggle in guns from Syria. In those days there were only a few hundred of us. Now we are thousands in the camps. Some may leave in the evacuation, but most will stay,"